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16 June 1991-15 June 1992

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INTRODUCTION

The present report is submitted to the General Assembly by the Security Council in accordance with Article 24, paragraph 3, and Article 15, paragraph 1, of the Charter of the United Nations. It is the forty-seventh annual report of the Security Council to the General Assembly. These reports are circulated as Supplement No. 2 to the Official Records of each regular session of the General Assembly.

As in previous years, the report is intended not as a substitute for the records of the Security Council, which constitute the only comprehensive and authoritative account of its deliberations, but as a guide to the activities of the Security Council during the period covered. It should be noted, in this connection, that in December 1974 the Council decided to make its report shorter and more concise, without changing its basic structure. Moreover, in 1985, the Council agreed, in keeping with the spirit of its 1974 decision, to discontinue the practice of summarizing documents addressed to the President of the Council or to the Secretary-General and circulated as official documents of the Council and instead simply to indicate the subject-matter of those documents which related to the procedure of the Council. The present report has been prepared in accordance with those decisions.

Chapters in part I are arranged in chronological order based on the first occasion on which the Council considered the item in a formal meeting during the period covered by the present report. Similarly, the chapters in part IV are arranged in chronological order based on the date of the first communication on each item received during the same period.

With respect to the membership of the Security Council during the period covered, it will be recalled that the General Assembly, at the 32nd plenary meeting of its forty-sixth session, on 16 October 1991, elected Cape Verde, Hungary, Japan, Morocco and Venezuela as non-permanent members of the Council to fill the vacancies resulting from the expiration, on 31 December 1991, of the terms of office of Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Romania, Yemen and Zaire.

The period covered in the present report is from 16 June 1991 to 15 June 1992. The Council held 92 meetings during that period.

PART I

QUESTIONS CONSIDERED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL UNDER ITS RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY

Chapter 1*

THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

A. Consideration at the 2994th meeting (17 June 1991)

At its 2994th meeting, on 17 June 1991, the Security Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation between Iraq and Kuwait:

"Plan for the implementation of relevant parts of section C of Security Council resolution 687 (1991): report of the Secretary General (S/22614);

"Note by the Secretary-General (S/22615);

"Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 26 of Security Council resolution 687 (1991) (S/22660)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Iraq, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/22686) submitted by France, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, 1/ the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America, and to a draft resolution (S/22698) submitted by Belgium, France, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America.

The Council began its consideration of the item and heard a statement by the representative of Iraq.

The Council then proceeded to vote first on draft resolution S/22686.

Decision: At the 2994th meeting, on 17 June 1991, the draft resolution (S/22686) was adopted unanimously as resolution 699 (1991).

Resolution 699 (1991) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolution 687 (1991),

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* See also chap. 18 below.

"Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General of 17 May 1991 (S/22614) submitted to it in pursuance of paragraph 9 (b) of resolution 687 (1991),

"Also taking note of the Secretary-General's note of 17 May 1991 (S/22615), transmitting to the Council the letter addressed to him under paragraph 13 of the resolution by the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA),

"Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter,

"1. Approves the plan contained in the report of the Secretary-General;

"2. Confirms that the Special Commission and IAEA have the authority to conduct activities under section C of resolution 687 (1991) for the purpose of the destruction, removal or rendering harmless of the items specified in paragraphs 8 and 12 of that resolution, after the 45-day period following the approval of this plan until such activities have been completed;

"3. Requests the Secretary-General to submit to the Security Council progress reports on the implementation of the plan referred to in paragraph 1 every six months after the adoption of this resolution;

"4. Decides to encourage the maximum assistance, in cash and in kind, from all Member States to ensure that activities under section C of resolution 687 (1991) are undertaken effectively and expeditiously; further decides, however, that the Government of Iraq shall be liable for the full costs of carrying out the tasks authorized by section C; and requests the Secretary-General to submit to the Council within 30 days for approval recommendations as to the most effective means by which Iraq's obligations in this respect may be fulfilled."

The Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/22698.

Decision: At the 2994th meeting, on 17 June 1991, the draft resolution (S/22698) was adopted unanimously as resolution 700 (1991).

Resolution 700 (1991) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolutions 661 (1990) of 6 August 1990, 665 (1990) of 25 August 1990, 670 (1990) of 25 September 1990 and 687 (1991) of 3 April 1991,

"Taking note of the Secretary-General's report of 2 June 1991 (S/22660) submitted pursuant to paragraph 26 of resolution 687 (1991),

"Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

"1. Expresses its appreciation to the Secretary-General for his report of 2 June 1991 (S/22660);

"2. Approves the guidelines to facilitate full international implementation of paragraphs 24, 25 and 27 of Security Council

resolution 687 (1991), annexed to the report of the Secretary-General (S/22660);

"3. Reiterates its call upon all States and international organizations to act in a manner consistent with the guidelines;

"4. Requests all States, in accordance with paragraph 8 of the guidelines, to report to the Secretary-General within 45 days on the measures they have instituted for meeting the obligations set out in paragraph 24 of resolution 687 (1991);

"5. Entrusts the Committee established under resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait with the responsibility, under the guidelines, for monitoring the prohibitions against the sale or supply of arms to Iraq and related sanctions established in paragraph 24 of resolution 687 (1991);

"6. Decides to remain seized of the matter and to review the guidelines at the same time as it reviews paragraphs 22 to 25 of resolution 687 (1991) as set out in paragraph 28 thereof."

After the vote on the two draft resolutions, the representatives of Yemen and Cuba made statements.

B. Communications received between 17 and 26 June 1991

Letter dated 17 June 1991 (S/22711) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 17 June (S/22714) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a policy statement made by the Prime Minister of Pakistan on 6 June 1991.

Letter dated 17 June (S/22715) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 June (S/22719) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 June (S/22720) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 June (S/22721) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Identical letters dated 19 June (S/22722) from the representative of the United States of America addressed respectively to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 20 June (S/22727) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 21 June (S/22729) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 June (S/22732) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 June (S/22737) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 June (S/22757) from the representative of Canada addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 25 June (S/22738) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 June (S/22739) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission established pursuant to section C of Security Council resolution 687 (1991) to the Secretary-General, and the enclosed letter dated 23 June 1991 from the Deputy Executive Chairman of the Special Commission and the Chief Inspector and Action Team Leader on behalf of the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq, and the letter dated 26 June 1991 from the Director General of IAEA to the Secretary-General.

C. Consideration at the 2995th meeting (26 June 1991)

At its 2995th meeting, held on 26 June in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation between Iraq and Kuwait:

"Letter dated 26 June 1991 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/22739)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Iraq, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The Council began its consideration of the item and heard statements by the representatives of the United States, France, Belgium, Austria, the United Kingdom, Ecuador and Romania.

The representative of Iraq made a statement.

D. Communications received on 27 and 28 June 1991

Letter dated 27 June 1991 (S/22731) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 June (S/22748) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 28 June (S/22743) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 28 June (S/22749) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

E. Consideration at the 2996th meeting (28 June 1991)

At its 2996th meeting, on 28 June, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation between Iraq and Kuwait:

"Letter dated 26 June 1991 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/22739);

"Letter dated 28 June 1991 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/22743)".

The President stated that, following consultations among the members of the Security Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/22746) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council have learned with grave concern of an incident which occurred today when the Iraqi military authorities denied a joint IAEA/Special Commission nuclear inspection team immediate and unimpeded access to a site designated for inspection by the Special Commission under paragraphs 9 and 13 of Security Council resolution 687 (1991). In the course of this incident, the Iraqi military did not comply with a request by the Acting Chief Inspector that there should be no movement or transport of equipment pending inspection. The Iraqi military fired small arms into the air when members of the team were endeavouring to photograph loaded vehicles leaving the site. This incident followed earlier incidents on 23 and 25 June 1991 when the Iraqi military authorities denied the nuclear inspection team access to certain facilities at another designated site.

"On 26 June 1991, the Security Council held a meeting to consider the incidents of 23 and 25 June, at which time the Permanent Representative of Iraq confirmed that Iraq had accepted Security Council resolution 687 (1991) and was doing its best to implement all the requirements and obligations imposed on it by the resolution. He further asserted that Iraq was cooperating with all United Nations missions, including the Special Commission. The President subsequently conveyed the Council's serious concern regarding the incidents to the Government of Iraq.

"The members of the Council strongly deplore the incidents of 23, 25 and 28 June, and in this connection condemn the conduct of the Iraqi authorities. All these incidents constitute flagrant violations of Security Council resolution 687 (1991) and of the undertakings contained in the exchange of letters between the Secretary-General of the United Nations and the Foreign Minister of Iraq governing the status, privileges and immunities of the Special Commission and of the inspection teams mandated under the Security Council resolution. Furthermore, these incidents demonstrate Iraq's failure to abide by its solemn undertakings to comply with all the provisions of Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

"The members of the Security Council have decided to ask the Secretary-General to send a high-level mission to Baghdad immediately to meet with the highest levels of the Iraqi Government to convey the Council's urgent demand for unequivocal assurances that the Government will take all necessary measures to ensure that no hindrances are placed in the way of the discharge of the Special Commission's mandate and that it will

accord full cooperation, including immediate and unimpeded access, to the inspection teams in compliance with Iraq's obligations and commitments vis-à-vis the United Nations and IAEA. The members of the Council have also stressed that the Government must furnish the high-level mission with unconditional guarantees for the safety and security of all personnel engaged in the performance of functions in connection with Security Council resolution 687 (1991). The mission, composed of the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency, the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission and the Under-Secretary-General for Disarmament Affairs, will depart New York this evening, 28 June 1991.

"At this time, the members of the Council call upon Iraq to grant the IAEA/Special Commission nuclear inspection team currently in Iraq immediate and unimpeded access to the objects which the team had endeavoured to inspect on 28 June 1991 and any other site deemed necessary.

"The members of the Security Council request the high-level mission to report to it at the earliest opportunity, through the Secretary-General, on the results of its meetings with the highest levels of the Iraqi Government and, in particular, on such further undertakings by the Government to ensure compliance at all levels, including local military and civilian authorities, with Iraq's obligations under Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

"The members of the Council wish to make it clear that the Council remains seized of this matter and that any recurrence of non-compliance would have serious consequences.

"The members of the Council reiterate their views expressed in resolution 687 (1991) of the threat that all weapons of mass destruction pose to peace and security in the Middle East and of the need to work towards the establishment in the Middle East of a zone free of such weapons."

F. Communications received between 29 June and 6 August 1991 and reports of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 29 June 1991 (S/22750) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 1 July (S/22753) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 2 July (S/22755) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 2 July (S/22756) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 2 July (S/22760) from the representative of Saudi Arabia addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 3 July (S/22758) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, and annexes.

Letter dated 3 July (S/22759) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 4 July (S/22761) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the report of the high-level mission, composed of the Director General of IAEA, the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission and the Under-Secretary-General for Disarmament Affairs, to Iraq.

Letter dated 5 July (S/22762) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of an informal paper from the Secretary-General that had been conveyed to the President of Iraq on 4 July 1991, and a letter received on 5 July 1991 from the representative of Iraq, transmitting a communication of the same date from the President of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 5 July (S/22765) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 7 July (S/22768) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 July (S/22774) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 8 July (S/22783) from the Permanent Mission of Norway addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 9 July (S/22784) from the Permanent Mission of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 10 July (S/22780) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 10 July (S/22781) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 July (S/22787) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 July (S/22789) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 12 July (S/22801) from the representative of Hungary addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Identical letters dated 13 July (S/22786) from the representative of Iraq addressed respectively to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of identical letters of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq respectively to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council, and letters dated 10 and 12 July 1991, respectively, from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Director General of IAEA.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 15 July (S/22788), transmitting the text of a letter dated 12 July 1991 from the Director General of IAEA to the Secretary-General, and the enclosed consolidated report on the first two IAEA inspections under Security Council resolution 687 (1991) of Iraqi nuclear capabilities.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 15 July (S/22792) submitted pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 699 (1991).

Letter dated 15 July (S/22793) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 15 July (S/22794) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 15 July (S/22799) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the report of the inter-agency mission headed by the Executive Delegate of the Secretary-General for the United Nations Inter-Agency Humanitarian Programme for Iraq, Kuwait and the Iraq/Turkey and Iraq/Iran border areas.

Letter dated 15 July (S/22803) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and the enclosed letter dated 11 July 1991 from the Chief Inspector of the IAEA inspection team to the Chief of the Iraqi inspection team, as well as letters dated 13 and 14 July 1991, respectively, from the Chief of the Iraqi inspection team to the Chief Inspector of the IAEA inspection team.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 16 July (S/22802), transmitting the text of a note verbale dated 9 July 1991 from the Observer of the Holy See to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 16 July (S/22800) from the representative of France addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 16 July (S/22804) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 17 July (S/22806) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General, and annex.

Letter dated 17 July (S/22809) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 17 July (S/22811) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 19 July (S/22812), transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Director General of IAEA addressed to the Secretary-General and the enclosed text of a resolution adopted by the Board of Governors of IAEA on 18 July 1991.

Note verbale dated 18 July (S/22815) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 18 July (S/22817) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 July (S/22820) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 July (S/22821) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the texts of letters dated 17 April and

6 May 1991, respectively, from the representative of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Identical letters dated 23 July (S/22825 and Corr.1 and 2) from the representative of Germany addressed respectively to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council, transmitting on behalf of the States members of the Western European Union a declaration with reference to paragraphs 3 (d) and 6 of Security Council resolution 686 (1991), and annexes.

Letter dated 23 July (S/22826) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 July (S/22827) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 23 July (S/22851) from the Permanent Mission of Ecuador addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 24 July (S/22833) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 24 July (S/22835) from the Permanent Mission of Japan addressed to the Secretary-General, and annex. 2/

Note by the Secretary-General dated 25 July (S/22837), transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Director General of IAEA to the Secretary-General, and the enclosed report on the third IAEA on-site inspection in Iraq under Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Letter dated 25 July (S/22838) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 25 July (S/22840) from the Permanent Mission of Belgium addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 25 July (S/22841) from the representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 25 July (S/22842) from the Permanent Mission of Spain addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 26 July (S/22843) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 26 July (S/22852) from the representative of Malta addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 26 July (S/22858) from the representative of Greece addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 29 July (S/22844) from the representative of Saudi Arabia addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 July (S/22845) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 July (S/22846) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 July (S/22847) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 29 July (S/22848) from the representative of Sri Lanka addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 29 July (S/22849) from the representative of Singapore addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 29 July (S/22853) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 29 July (S/22859) from the Permanent Mission of Chile addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 29 July (S/22860) from the Permanent Mission of Finland addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 29 July (S/22866) from the representative of China addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 30 July (S/22861) from the representative of Myanmar addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 30 July (S/22867) from the representative of Australia addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 30 July (S/22868) from the Permanent Mission of Austria addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 31 July (S/22869) from the representative of Czechoslovakia addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 31 July (S/22874) from the representative of New Zealand addressed to the Secretary-General, and enclosure. 2/

Note verbale dated 31 July (S/22880) from the representative of Italy addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 31 July (S/22882) from the Permanent Mission of Thailand addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 31 July (S/22886) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 1 August (S/22871) submitted in pursuance of Security Council resolution 687 (1991), containing the plan of the Secretary-General for the future ongoing monitoring and verification of Iraq's compliance with relevant parts of section C of that resolution.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 1 August (S/22872), transmitting the text of a letter dated 29 July 1991 from the Director General of IAEA addressed to the Secretary-General, and the enclosed plan, prepared by the Director General pursuant to paragraph 13 of Security Council resolution 687 (1991), for

the future ongoing monitoring and verification of Iraq's compliance with relevant parts of section C of that resolution.

Note verbale dated 1 August (S/22875) from the representative of Brazil addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 1 August (S/22876) from the representative of Ireland addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 1 August (S/22877) from the representative of Liechtenstein addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 1 August (S/22878) from the representative of the Netherlands addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 1 August (S/22879) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 1 August (S/22881) from the representative of Argentina addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a letter dated 17 July 1991 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs and Worship of Argentina to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 1 August (S/22883) from the Permanent Mission of Sweden addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Report of the Secretary-General dated 1 August (S/22884) on the implementation of paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 700 (1991), and addenda dated 10 September and 4 December 1991 (S/22884/Add.1 and 2).

Note verbale dated 1 August (S/22891) from the representative of Saudi Arabia addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 2 August (S/22885) from the President of the Governing Council of the United Nations Compensation Commission addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting information concerning its first session, held at Geneva from 23 July to 2 August 1991.

Letter dated 2 August (S/22887) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 2 August (S/22890) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 5 August (S/22892) from the representative of Romania addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 5 August (S/22893) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 5 August (S/22894) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 5 August (S/22905) from the representative of the United Republic of Tanzania addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 6 August (S/22899) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Adviser to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq addressed to the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission.

Letter dated 6 August (S/22901) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 6 August (S/22916) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, concerning the strength of the United Nations Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission (UNIKOM).

G. Letter dated 6 August 1991 from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General (S/22904), containing the text of the statement made by the President of the Council on 5 August 1991

By a letter dated 6 August 1991 (S/22904) addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of the Security Council requested circulation of the following statement made to the press by the President of the Council on 5 August 1991, following informal consultations held on the same date:

> "The members of the Security Council held informal consultations on 5 August pursuant to paragraph 28 of resolution 687 (1991), paragraph 6 of resolution 700 (1991) and paragraph 21 of resolution 687 (1991).
>
> "After hearing all the opinions expressed in the course of the consultations, the President of the Council concluded that there was no agreement that the necessary conditions existed for a modification of the regimes established in paragraphs 22 to 25, as referred to in paragraph 28 of resolution (687) (1991); in paragraph 6 of resolution 700 (1991); and in paragraph 20, as referred to in paragraph 21 of resolution 687 (1991)."

H. Communications received between 7 and 15 August 1991

Letter dated 7 August 1991 (S/22907) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 7 August (S/22912) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, and annex.

Note verbale dated 8 August (S/22914) from the representative of Germany addressed to the Secretary-General, and annex. 2/

Note verbale dated 8 August (S/22915) from the representative of India addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 8 August (S/22919) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a communication from the Government of Pakistan. 2/

Letter dated 8 August (S/22921) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 August (S/22920) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 August (S/22922) from the representative of Canada addressed to the Secretary-General, and annex. 2/

Note verbale dated 9 August (S/22923) from the representative of Bulgaria addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 9 August (S/22924) from the representative of Cyprus addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 12 August (S/22929) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 August (S/22930) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 August (S/22931) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 12 August (S/22933) from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 13 August (S/22934) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 13 August (S/22935) from the representative of Colombia addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 13 August (S/22936) from the representative of Malaysia addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 13 August (S/22938) from the representative of Mexico addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 13 August (S/22939) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 14 August (S/22937) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 14 August (S/22952) from the representative of Bahrain addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 15 August (S/22948) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 15 August (S/22949) from the representative of South Africa addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 15 August (S/22950) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the President of the Security Council.

I. Consideration at the 3004th meeting (15 August 1991)

At its 3004th meeting, held on 15 August in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation between Iraq and Kuwait".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Iraq and Kuwait, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the texts of the following three draft resolutions: S/22940, prepared in the course of the Council's consultations; S/22941, submitted by Belgium, France, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America; and S/22942, submitted by France, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America.

The Council began its consideration of the item and heard statements by the representatives of Kuwait and Iraq.

The Council then commenced its voting procedure.

Before the vote, statements were made by the representatives of Yemen, Zimbabwe and Cuba.

The Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/22940.

Decision: At the 3004th meeting, on 15 August 1991, the draft resolution (S/22940) was adopted unanimously as resolution 705 (1991).

Resolution 705 (1991) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Having considered the note of 30 May 1991 of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 13 of his report of 2 May 1991 (S/22559) which was annexed to the Secretary-General's letter of 30 May 1991 to the President of the Security Council (S/22661),

"Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter,

"1. Expresses its appreciation to the Secretary-General for his note of 30 May 1991 which was annexed to his letter to the President of the Security Council of the same date (S/22661);

"2. Decides that, in accordance with the suggestion made by the Secretary-General in paragraph 7 of his note of 30 May 1991, compensation to be paid by Iraq, as arising from section E of resolution 687 (1991), shall not exceed 30 per cent of the annual value of the exports of petroleum and petroleum products from Iraq;

"3. Decides further, in accordance with paragraph 8 of the Secretary-General's note of 30 May 1991, to review the figure established in paragraph 2 above from time to time in light of data and assumptions contained in the letter of the Secretary-General (S/22661) and other relevant developments."

The Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/22941.

Decision: At the 3004th meeting, on 15 August 1991, the draft resolution (S/22941) was adopted by 13 votes in favour (Austria, Belgium, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Ecuador, France, India, Romania, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Zaire and Zimbabwe) to 1 against (Cuba), with 1 abstention (Yemen), as resolution 706 (1991).

Resolution 706 (1991) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its previous relevant resolutions and in particular resolutions 661 (1990), 686 (1991), 687 (1991), 688 (1991), 692 (1991), 699 (1991) and 705 (1991),

"Taking note of the report (S/22799) dated 15 July 1991 of the inter-agency mission headed by the Executive Delegate of the Secretary-General for the United Nations Inter-Agency Humanitarian Programme for Iraq, Kuwait and the Iraq/Turkey and Iraq/Iran border areas,

"Concerned by the serious nutritional and health situation of the Iraqi civilian population as described in this report, and by the risk of a further deterioration of this situation,

"Concerned also that the repatriation or return of all Kuwaitis and third-country nationals or their remains present in Iraq on or after 2 August 1990, pursuant to paragraph 2 (c) of resolution 686 (1991) and paragraphs 30 and 31 of resolution 687 (1991), has not yet been fully carried out,

"Taking note of the conclusions of the above-mentioned report, and in particular of the proposal for oil sales by Iraq to finance the purchase of foodstuffs, medicines and materials and supplies for essential civilian needs for the purpose of providing humanitarian relief,

"Taking note also of the letters dated 14 April 1991, 31 May 1991, 6 June 1991, 9 July 1991 and 22 July 1991 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq and the Permanent Representative of Iraq to the Chairman of the Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the export from Iraq of petroleum and petroleum products,

"Convinced of the need for equitable distribution of humanitarian relief to all segments of the Iraqi civilian population through effective monitoring and transparency,

"Recalling and reaffirming in this regard its resolution 688 (1991) and in particular the importance which the Council attaches to Iraq allowing unhindered access by international humanitarian organizations to all those in need of assistance in all parts of Iraq and making available all necessary facilities for their operation, and in this connection stressing the important and continuing role played by the Memorandum of Understanding between the United Nations and the Government of Iraq of 18 April 1991 (S/22663, annex),

"Recalling that, pursuant to resolutions 687 (1991), 692 (1991) and 699 (1991), Iraq is required to pay the full costs of the Special Commission and IAEA in carrying out the tasks authorized by section C of

resolution 687 (1991), and that the Secretary-General in his report to the Security Council of 15 July 1991 (S/22792), submitted pursuant to paragraph 4 of resolution 699 (1991), expressed the view that the most obvious way of obtaining financial resources from Iraq to meet the costs of the Special Commission and IAEA would be to authorize the sale of some Iraqi petroleum and petroleum products; recalling further that Iraq is required to pay its contributions to the Compensation Fund and half the costs of the Iraq-Kuwait Boundary Demarcation Commission, and recalling further that in its resolutions 686 (1991) and 687 (1991) the Security Council demanded that Iraq return in the shortest possible time all Kuwaiti property seized by it and requested the Secretary-General to take steps to facilitate this,

"Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter,

"1. Authorizes all States, subject to the decision to be taken by the Security Council pursuant to paragraph 5 below and notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs 3 (a), 3 (b) and 4 of resolution 661 (1990), to permit the import, during a period of six months from the date of adoption of the resolution pursuant to paragraph 5 below, of petroleum and petroleum products originating in Iraq sufficient to produce a sum to be determined by the Council following receipt of the report of the Secretary-General requested in paragraph 5 of this resolution but not to exceed 1.6 billion United States dollars, for the purposes set out in this resolution and subject to the following conditions:

"(a) Approval of each purchase of Iraqi petroleum and petroleum products by the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) following notification to the Committee by the State concerned;

"(b) Payment of the full amount of each purchase of Iraqi petroleum and petroleum products directly by the purchaser in the State concerned into an escrow account to be established by the United Nations and to be administered by the Secretary-General exclusively to meet the purposes of this resolution;

"(c) Approval by the Council, following the report of the Secretary-General requested in paragraph 5 of this resolution, of a scheme for the purchase of foodstuffs, medicines and materials and supplies for essential civilian needs as referred to in paragraph 20 of resolution 687 (1991), in particular health related materials, all of which to be labelled to the extent possible as being supplied under this scheme, and for all feasible and appropriate United Nations monitoring and supervision for the purpose of assuring their equitable distribution to meet humanitarian needs in all regions of Iraq and to all categories of the Iraqi civilian population, as well as all feasible and appropriate management relevant to this purpose, such a United Nations role to be available if desired for humanitarian assistance from other sources;

"(d) The sum authorized in this paragraph is to be released by successive decisions of the Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) in three equal portions after the Council has taken the decision provided for in paragraph 5 below on the implementation of this resolution, and notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph, the sum to be subject to review concurrently by the Council on the basis of its ongoing assessment of the needs and requirements;

"2. Decides that a part of the sum in the account administered by the Secretary-General shall be made available by him to finance the purchase of foodstuffs, medicines and materials and supplies for essential civilian needs, as referred to in paragraph 20 of resolution 687 (1991), and the cost to the United Nations of its roles under this resolution and of other necessary humanitarian activities in Iraq;

"3. Decides further that a part of the sum in the account administered by the Secretary-General shall be used by him for appropriate payments to the United Nations Compensation Fund, the full costs of carrying out the tasks authorized by section C of resolution 687 (1991), the full costs incurred by the United Nations in facilitating the return of all Kuwaiti property seized by Iraq, and half the costs of the Boundary Commission;

"4. Decides that the percentage of the value of exports of petroleum and petroleum products from Iraq, authorized under this resolution to be paid to the United Nations Compensation Fund, as called for in paragraph 19 of resolution 687 (1991) and as defined in paragraph 6 of resolution 692 (1991), shall be the same as the percentage decided by the Security Council in paragraph 2 of resolution 705 (1991) for payments to the Compensation Fund, until such time as the Governing Council of the Fund decides otherwise;

"5. Requests the Secretary-General to submit within 20 days of the date of adoption of this resolution a report to the Security Council for decision on measures to be taken in order to implement paragraphs 1 (a), (b) and (c), estimates of the humanitarian requirements of Iraq set out in paragraph 2 above and of the amount of Iraq's financial obligations set out in paragraph 3 above up to the end of the period of the authorization in paragraph 1 above, as well as the method for taking the necessary legal measures to ensure that the purposes of this resolution are carried out and the method for taking account of the costs of transportation of such Iraqi petroleum and petroleum products;

"6. Further requests the Secretary-General, in consultation with the International Committee of the Red Cross, to submit within 20 days of the date of adoption of this resolution a report to the Security Council on activities undertaken in accordance with paragraph 31 of resolution 687 (1991) in connection with facilitating the repatriation or return of all Kuwaiti and third-country nationals or their remains present in Iraq on or after 2 August 1990;

"7. Requires the Government of Iraq to provide to the Secretary-General and appropriate international organizations on the first day of the month immediately following the adoption of the present resolution and on the first day of each month thereafter until further notice, a statement of the gold and foreign currency reserves it holds, whether in Iraq or elsewhere;

"8. Calls upon all States to cooperate fully in the implementation of this resolution;

"9. Decides to remain seized of the matter."

The Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/22942.

Decision: At the 3004th meeting, on 15 August 1991, the draft resolution (S/22942) was adopted unanimously as resolution 707 (1991).

Resolution 707 (1991) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolution 687 (1991) and its other resolutions on this matter,

"Recalling the letter of 11 April 1991 from the President of the Security Council to the Permanent Representative of Iraq to the United Nations (S/22485) noting that on the basis of Iraq's written agreement (S/22456) to implement fully resolution 687 (1991) the preconditions established in paragraph 33 of that resolution for a cease-fire had been met,

"Noting with grave concern the letters dated 26 June 1991 (S/22739), 28 June 1991 (S/22743) and 4 July 1991 (S/22761) from the Secretary-General, conveying information obtained from the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission and from the high-level mission to Iraq which establishes Iraq's failure to comply with its obligations under resolution 687 (1991),

"Recalling further the statement issued by the President of the Security Council on 28 June 1991 (S/22746) requesting that a high-level mission consisting of the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission, the Director General of IAEA and the Under-Secretary-General for Disarmament Affairs be dispatched to meet with officials at the highest levels of the Government of Iraq at the earliest opportunity to obtain written assurance that Iraq will fully and immediately cooperate in the inspection of the locations identified by the Special Commission and present for immediate inspection any of those items that may have been transported from those locations,

"Dismayed by the report of the high-level mission to the Secretary-General (S/22761, annex) on the results of its meetings with the highest levels of the Iraqi Government,

"Gravely concerned by the information provided to the Council by IAEA on 15 July 1991 (S/22788) and 25 July 1991 (S/22837) regarding the actions of the Government of Iraq in flagrant violation of resolution 687 (1991),

"Gravely concerned also by the evidence in the letter of 7 July 1991 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General and in subsequent statements and findings that Iraq's notifications of 18 and 28 April were incomplete and that it had concealed activities, which both constituted material breaches of its obligations under resolution 687 (1991),

"Noting also from the letters dated 26 June 1991 (S/22739), 28 June 1991 (S/22743) and 4 July 1991 (S/22761) from the Secretary-General that Iraq has not fully complied with all of its undertakings relating to the privileges, immunities and facilities to be accorded to the Special Commission and the IAEA inspection teams mandated under resolution 687 (1991),

"Affirming that in order for the Special Commission to carry out its mandate under paragraph 9 (b) (i), (ii) and (iii) of resolution 687 (1991) to inspect Iraq's chemical and biological weapons and ballistic missile capabilities and to take possession of them for destruction, removal or rendering harmless, full disclosure on the part of Iraq as required in paragraph 9 (a) of resolution 687 (1991) is essential,

"Affirming that in order for IAEA, with the assistance and cooperation of the Special Commission, to determine what nuclear-weapons-usable material or any subsystems or components or any research, development, support or manufacturing facilities related to them need, in accordance with paragraph 13 of resolution 687 (1991), to be destroyed, removed or rendered harmless, Iraq is required to make a declaration of all its nuclear programmes, including any which it claims are for purposes not related to nuclear-weapons-usable material,

"Affirming that the aforementioned failures of Iraq to act in strict conformity with its obligations under resolution 687 (1991) constitute a material breach of its acceptance of the relevant provisions of resolution 687 (1991) which established a cease-fire and provided the conditions essential to the restoration of peace and security in the region,

"Affirming further that Iraq's failure to comply with its safeguards agreement with the International Atomic Energy Agency, concluded pursuant to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons of 1 July 1968, as established by the resolution of the Board of Governors of IAEA of 18 July 1991 (S/22812, annex, appendix), constitutes a breach of its international obligations,

"Determined to ensure full compliance with resolution 687 (1991), and in particular its section C,

"Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter,

"1. Condemns Iraq's serious violation of a number of its obligations under section C of resolution 687 (1991) and of its undertakings to cooperate with the Special Commission and IAEA, which constitutes a material breach of the relevant provisions of resolution 687 (1991) which established a cease-fire and provided the conditions essential to the restoration of peace and security in the region;

"2. Further condemns non-compliance by the Government of Iraq with its obligations under its safeguards agreement with the International Atomic Energy Agency, as established by the resolution of the Board of Governors of 18 July 1991, which constitutes a violation of its commitments as a party to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons of 1 July 1968;

"3. Demands that Iraq:

(a) Provide full, final and complete disclosure, as required by resolution 687 (1991), of all aspects of its programmes to develop weapons of mass destruction and ballistic missiles with a range greater than 150 km and of all holdings of such weapons, their components and production facilities and locations, as well as all other nuclear programmes, including any which it claims are for purposes not related to nuclear-weapons-usable material, without further delay;

(b) Allow the Special Commission, IAEA and their inspection teams immediate, unconditional and unrestricted access to any and all areas, facilities, equipment, records and means of transportation which they wish to inspect;

(c) Cease immediately any attempt to conceal or any movement or destruction of any material or equipment relating to its nuclear, chemical or biological weapons or ballistic missile programmes, or material or equipment relating to its other nuclear activities without notification to and prior consent of the Special Commission;

(d) Make available immediately to the Special Commission, IAEA and their inspection teams any items to which they were previously denied access;

(e) Allow the Special Commission, IAEA and their inspection teams to conduct both fixed-wing and helicopter flights throughout Iraq for all relevant purposes, including inspection, surveillance, aerial surveys, transportation and logistics, without interference of any kind and upon such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Special Commission, and to make full use of their own aircraft and such airfields in Iraq as they may determine are most appropriate for the work of the Commission;

(f) Halt all nuclear activities of any kind, except for use of isotopes for medical, agricultural or industrial purposes, until the Security Council determines that Iraq is in full compliance with this resolution and paragraphs 12 and 13 of resolution 687 (1991) and IAEA determines that Iraq is in full compliance with its safeguards agreement with that Agency;

(g) Ensure the complete implementation of the privileges, immunities and facilities of the representatives of the Special Commission and IAEA in accordance with its previous undertakings and their complete safety and freedom of movement;

(h) Immediately provide or facilitate the provision of any transportation, medical or logistical support requested by the Special Commission, IAEA and their inspection teams;

(i) Respond fully, completely and promptly to any questions or requests from the Special Commission, IAEA and their inspection teams;

"4. Determines that Iraq retains no ownership interest in items to be destroyed, removed or rendered harmless pursuant to paragraph 12 of resolution 687 (1991);

"5. Requires that the Government of Iraq forthwith comply fully and without delay with all its international obligations, including those set out in the present resolution, in resolution 687 (1991), in the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons of 1 July 1968 and its safeguards agreement with IAEA;

"6. Decides to remain seized of this matter."

J. Communications received between 16 August and 19 September 1991 and reports of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 16 August 1991 (S/22956) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 16 August (S/22957) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the full text of the statement made by him in summary form at the 3004th meeting of the Security Council, on 15 August 1991, and the text of a letter dated 8 June 1991 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to a number of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Security Council.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 19 August (S/22958), transmitting the text of a note verbale dated 15 August 1991 from the observer of Switzerland addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 19 August (S/22960) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 August (S/22961) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 August (S/22962) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 19 August (S/22964) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 20 August (S/22966) from the Permanent Mission of Indonesia addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 20 August (S/22976) from the representative of Poland addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 21 August (S/22965) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 21 August (S/22969) from the representative of Denmark addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 21 August (S/22970) from the Permanent Mission of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 22 August (S/22971) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 22 August (S/22973) from the Permanent Mission of the Lao People's Democratic Republic addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 22 August (S/22994) from the representative of the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 23 August (S/22974) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 August (S/22977) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, concerning the strength of UNIKOM.

Note verbale dated 23 August (S/22985) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note verbale dated 23 August (S/22989) from the representative of Jordan addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 26 August (S/22978) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, in reply to the letter of 23 August (S/22977).

Letter dated 26 August (S/22979) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 August (S/22980) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 August (S/22981) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 August (S/22982) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 August (S/22983) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 28 August (S/22986 and Corr.1), transmitting the text of a letter dated 27 August from the Director General of IAEA to the Secretary-General and the enclosed report on the fourth IAEA on-site inspection in Iraq under Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Letter dated 28 August (S/22990) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 29 August (S/22992) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 August (S/22993) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Note verbale dated 29 August (S/22995) from the representative of the Philippines addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 1 September (S/22998) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 28 August 1991 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 2 September (S/22996) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 3 September (S/22997) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 3 September (S/23000) on UNIKOM.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 4 September (S/23006 and Corr.2), submitted pursuant to paragraph 5 of Security Council resolution 706 (1991).

Letter dated 4 September (S/23007) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 6 September (S/23013) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 6 September (S/23015) from the representative of Portugal addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 6 September (S/23017) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 6 September (S/23018) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 6 September (S/23019) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 9 September (S/23016), transmitting the text of a note verbale dated 6 September from the observer of the Republic of Korea addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 9 September (S/23023) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 September (S/23024) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 September (S/23025) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 9 September (S/23027) from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 10 September (S/23028) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 10 September (S/23031) from the representative of Luxembourg addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 11 September (S/23029) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 11 September (S/23034) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 12 September (S/23012), submitted pursuant to paragraph 6 of Security Council resolution 706 (1991).

Letter dated 12 September (S/23033) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General, and annex.

Letter dated 13 September (S/23036) from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation

between Iraq and Kuwait addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the report of the Committee submitted pursuant to paragraph 6 (f) of the guidelines to facilitate full international implementation of paragraphs 24, 25 and 27 of Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Note verbale dated 13 September (S/23048) from the representative of the Dominican Republic addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Note by the Secretary-General dated 14 September (S/23215), transmitting the text of a letter dated 12 November from the Director General of IAEA addressed to the Secretary-General, and the enclosed report on the seventh IAEA on-site inspection in Iraq under Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Letter dated 16 September (S/23038) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 16 September (S/23039) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 16 September (S/23040) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 16 September (S/23041) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 16 September (S/23042) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 September (S/23049) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 September (S/23062) from the representative of Saudi Arabia addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 September (S/23050) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 September (S/23051) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 September (S/23058) from the representative of Saudi Arabia addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 September (S/23108) from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General, authorizing, pursuant to paragraph 1 (d) of resolution 706 (1991), the release by the Secretary-General from the escrow account of the first one-third portion of the sum referred to in paragraph 1 of resolution 712 (1991).

K. Consideration at the 3008th meeting (19 September 1991)

At its 3008th meeting, held on 19 September in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation between Iraq and Kuwait:

"Report by the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 5 of Security Council resolution 706 (1991) (S/23006 and Corr.2)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Iraq, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/23045) submitted by Belgium, France, Romania, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America.

The Council began its consideration of the item and heard a statement by the representative of Iraq.

The Council then commenced its voting procedure.

Before the vote, the representatives of Yemen and Cuba made statements.

The Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/23045.

Decision: At the 3008th meeting, on 19 September 1991, the draft resolution (S/23045) was adopted by 13 votes in favour (Austria, Belgium, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Ecuador, France, India, Romania, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Zaire and Zimbabwe) to 1 against (Cuba), with 1 abstention (Yemen), as resolution 712 (1991).

Resolution 712 (1991) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its previous relevant resolutions, and in particular resolutions 661 (1990) of 6 August 1990, 686 (1991) of 2 March 1991, 687 (1991) of 3 April 1991, 688 (1991) of 5 April 1991, 692 (1991) of 20 May 1991, 699 (1991) of 17 June 1991, and 705 (1991) and 706 (1991) of 15 August 1991,

"Expressing its appreciation for the report dated 4 September 1991 submitted by the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 5 of resolution 706 (1991) (S/23006 and Corr.2),

"Reaffirming its concern about the nutritional and health situation of the Iraqi civilian population and the risk of a further deterioration of this situation, and underlining the need in this context for fully up-to-date assessments of the situation in all parts of Iraq as a basis for the equitable distribution of humanitarian relief to all segments of the Iraqi civilian population,

"Recalling that the activities to be carried out by or on behalf of the Secretary-General to meet the purposes referred to in resolution 706 (1991) and the present resolution enjoy the privileges and immunities of the United Nations,

"Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

"1. Confirms the figure mentioned in paragraph 1 of resolution 706 (1991) as the sum authorized for the purpose of that paragraph, and reaffirms its intention to review this sum on the basis of its ongoing assessment of the needs and requirements, in accordance with paragraph 1 (d) of resolution 706 (1991);

"2. Invites the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) to authorize immediately, pursuant to paragraph 1 (d) of resolution 706 (1991), the release by the Secretary-General from the escrow account of the first one-third portion of the sum referred to in paragraph 1 above, such release to take place as required subject to the availability of funds in the account and, in the case of payments to finance the purchase of foodstuffs, medicines and materials and supplies for essential civilian needs that have been notified or approved in accordance with existing procedures, subject to compliance with the procedures laid down in the report of the Secretary-General as approved in paragraph 3 below;

"3. Approves the recommendations in the Secretary-General's report as contained in its paragraphs 57 (d) and 58;

"4. Encourages the Secretary-General and the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) to cooperate, in close consultation with the Government of Iraq, on a continuing basis to ensure the most effective implementation of the scheme approved in the present resolution;

"5. Decides that petroleum and petroleum products subject to resolution 706 (1991) shall while under Iraqi title be immune from legal proceedings and not be subject to any form of attachment, garnishment or execution, and that all States shall take any steps that may be necessary under their respective domestic legal systems to assure this protection, and to ensure that the proceeds of sale are not diverted from the purposes laid down in resolution 706 (1991);

"6. Reaffirms that the escrow account to be established by the United Nations and administered by the Secretary-General to meet the purposes of resolution 706 (1991) and the present resolution, like the Compensation Fund established by resolution 692 (1991), enjoys the privileges and immunities of the United Nations;

"7. Reaffirms that the inspectors and other experts on mission for the United Nations, appointed for the purpose of the present resolution, enjoy privileges and immunities in accordance with the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, and demands that Iraq allow them full freedom of movement and all necessary facilities;

"8. Confirms that funds contributed from other sources may, if desired, in accordance with paragraph 1 (c) of resolution 706 (1991), be deposited into the escrow account as a sub-account and be immediately available to meet Iraq's humanitarian needs as referred to in paragraph 20 of resolution 687 (1991) without any of the obligatory deductions and administrative costs specified in paragraphs 2 and 3 of resolution 706 (1991);

"9. Urges that any provision to Iraq of foodstuffs, medicines or other items of a humanitarian character, in addition to those purchased

with the funds referred to in paragraph 1 of the present resolution, be undertaken through arrangements that assure their equitable distribution to meet humanitarian needs;

"10. Requests the Secretary-General to take the actions necessary to implement the above decisions, and authorizes him to enter into any arrangements or agreements necessary to accomplish this;

"11. Calls upon States to cooperate fully in the implementation of resolution 706 (1991) and the present resolution, in particular with respect to any measures regarding the import of petroleum and petroleum products and the export of foodstuffs, medicines and materials and supplies for essential civilian needs as referred to in paragraph 20 of resolution 687 (1991), and also with respect to the privileges and immunities of the United Nations and its personnel implementing the present resolution, and to ensure that there are no diversions from the purposes laid down in these resolutions;

"12. Decides to remain seized of the matter."

After the vote, statements were made by the representatives of the United States, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the United Kingdom, and by the President, in his capacity as the representative of France.

L. Communications received between 20 September and 2 October 1991 and reports of the Secretary-General

Note by the Secretary-General dated 20 September 1991 (S/22872/Rev.1 and Corr.1), transmitting the revised plan prepared by the Director General of IAEA pursuant to paragraph 13 of Security Council resolution 687 (1991) for the future ongoing monitoring and verification of Iraq's compliance with relevant parts of section C of that resolution.

Letter dated 20 September (S/23061) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 September (S/23073) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 September (S/23074) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 September (S/23064) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the implementation of Security Council resolution 687 (1991) and other relevant resolutions.

Letter dated 24 September (S/23065) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 24 September (S/23068) from the representative of Saudi Arabia addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 September (S/23075) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 25 September (S/23070) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the representative of Iraq, regarding the terms of the

letter dated 24 September 1991 from the representative of Iraq (S/23064) concerning the implementation of Security Council resolution 687 (1991) and other relevant resolutions, including resolution 707 (1991), and use by the Special Commission of its own aircraft.

Letter dated 25 September (S/23078) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 25 September (S/23079) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 25 September (S/23091) from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 26 September (S/23084) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 September (S/23089) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 30 September (S/23088), transmitting the text of a letter dated 27 September 1991 from the Director General of IAEA addressed to the Secretary-General and the enclosed resolution adopted on 20 September 1991 by the General Conference of IAEA.

Letter dated 30 September (S/23095) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 September (S/23096) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 September (S/23102) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement made on 29 September 1991 by the spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Iraq.

Letter dated 30 September (S/23104) from the representatives of China, France, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the statement issued on 27 September 1991 by the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the five permanent members of the Security Council following a meeting with the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 1 October (S/23103) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 2 October (S/22871/Rev.1) submitted in pursuance of Security Council resolution 687 (1991), containing the revised plan of the Secretary-General for the future ongoing monitoring and verification of Iraq's compliance with relevant parts of section C of that resolution.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 2 October (S/23106 and Add.1 and 2) on UNIKOM for the period from 9 April to 2 October 1991.

Letter dated 2 October (S/23110) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

M. Statement by the President of the Security Council (2 October 1991)

Following consultations of the Council, the President issued the following statement (S/23107) on behalf of the members of the Council on 2 October 1991:

"The members of the Security Council held informal consultations on 2 October 1991 pursuant to paragraph 21 of resolution 687 (1991).

"After hearing all the opinions expressed in the course of the consultations, the President of the Council concluded that there was no agreement that the necessary conditions existed for a modification of the regime established in paragraph 20 of resolution 687 (1991), as referred to in paragraph 21 of that resolution."

N. Communications received between 3 and 11 October 1991

Letter dated 3 October 1991 (S/23111) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 4 October (S/23112), transmitting the text of a letter dated 30 September from the Director General of IAEA addressed to the Secretary-General and the enclosed report on the fifth IAEA on-site inspection in Iraq under Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Note verbale dated 4 October (S/23119) from the representative of Brunei Darussalam addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 6 October (S/23115) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 6 October (S/23116) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 7 October (S/23118) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, informing him of the concurrence of the members of the Council with the recommendation contained in his report (S/23106) to maintain UNIKOM in the area for a further six-month period.

Letter dated 7 October (S/23120) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 8 October (S/23122), transmitting the text of a letter dated 3 October 1991 from the Director General of IAEA addressed to the Secretary-General, and the enclosed first report on the sixth IAEA on-site inspection in Iraq under Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Letter dated 8 October (S/23123) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 October (S/23133) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 10 October (S/23135) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 11 October (S/23138) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

O. Consideration at the 3012th meeting (11 October 1991)

At its 3012th meeting, on 11 October, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation between Iraq and Kuwait:

"Report of the Secretary-General (S/22871/Rev.1);

"Note by the Secretary-General (S/22872/Rev.1 and Corr.1)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Iraq, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/23134) submitted by Belgium, France, Romania, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America.

The Council began its consideration of the item and heard a statement by the representative of Iraq.

The representatives of the United States and the United Kingdom made statements.

The Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/23134.

Decision: At the 3012th meeting, on 11 October 1991, the draft resolution (S/23134) was adopted unanimously as resolution 715 (1991).

Resolution 715 (1991) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolutions 687 (1991) of 3 April 1991 and 707 (1991) of 15 August 1991 and its other resolutions on this matter,

"Recalling in particular that under resolution 687 (1991) the Secretary-General and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency were requested to develop plans for future ongoing monitoring and verification, and to submit them to the Security Council for approval,

"Taking note of the report and note of the Secretary-General (S/22871/Rev.1 and S/22872/Rev.1 and Corr.1), transmitting the plans submitted by the Secretary-General and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency,

"Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

"1. Approves, in accordance with the provisions of resolutions 687 (1991), 707 (1991) and the present resolution, the plans submitted by the Secretary-General and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency (S/22871/Rev.1 and S/22872/Rev.1 and Corr.1);

"2. Decides that the Special Commission shall carry out the plan submitted by the Secretary-General (S/22871/Rev.1), as well as continuing to discharge its other responsibilities under resolutions 687 (1991), 699 (1991) and 707 (1991) and performing such other functions as are conferred upon it under the present resolution;

"3. Requests the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency to carry out, with the assistance and cooperation of the Special Commission, the plan submitted by him (S/22872/Rev.1 and Corr.1) and to continue to discharge his other responsibilities under resolutions 687 (1991), 699 (1991) and 707 (1991);

"4. Decides that the Special Commission, in the exercise of its responsibilities as a subsidiary organ of the Security Council, shall:

"(a) Continue to have the responsibility for designating additional locations for inspection and overflights;

"(b) Continue to render assistance and cooperation to the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency, by providing him by mutual agreement with the necessary special expertise and logistical, informational and other operational support for the carrying out of the plan submitted by him;

"(c) Perform such other functions, in cooperation in the nuclear field with the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency, as may be necessary to coordinate activities under the plans approved by the present resolution, including making use of commonly available services and information to the fullest extent possible, in order to achieve maximum efficiency and optimum use of resources;

"5. Demands that Iraq meet unconditionally all its obligations under the plans approved by the present resolution and cooperate fully with the Special Commission and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency in carrying out the plans;

"6. Decides to encourage the maximum assistance, in cash and in kind, from all Member States to support the Special Commission and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency in carrying out their activities under the plans approved by the present resolution, without prejudice to Iraq's liability for the full costs of such activities;

"7. Requests the Committee established under resolution 661 (1990), the Special Commission and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency to develop in cooperation a mechanism for monitoring any future sales or supplies by other countries to Iraq of items relevant to the implementation of section C of resolution 687 (1991) and other relevant resolutions, including the present resolution and the plans approved hereunder;

"8. Requests the Secretary-General and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency to submit to the Security Council reports on the implementation of the plans approved by the present resolution, when requested by the Security Council and in any event at least every six months after the adoption of this resolution;

"9. Decides to remain seized of the matter."

After the vote, the representative of France made a statement.

P. Communications received between 13 October and 20 December 1991

Letter dated 13 October 1991 (S/23139) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 13 October (S/23140) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 12 October 1991 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 14 October (S/23142) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 14 October (S/23143) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 14 October (S/23147) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 15 October (S/23148) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Decision (S/23149) taken by the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1992) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait at its 51st meeting, held on 15 October 1991, concerning procedures to be employed by the Committee in the discharge of its responsibilities under resolutions 706 (1991) and 712 (1991).

Letter dated 16 October (S/23151) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 October (S/23154) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 20 October (S/23157) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 20 October (S/23158) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 October (S/23160) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 October (S/23162) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 October (S/23167) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 25 October (S/23165), transmitting the text of a letter dated 24 October 1991 from the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission addressed to the Secretary-General, and the enclosed report by the Executive Chairman on the activities undertaken by the Special Commission in the initial five months of operational activities under section C of resolution 687 (1991).

Letter dated 25 October (S/23168) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, and annex.

Letter dated 28 October (S/23174) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 October (S/23182) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 31 October (S/23184) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 31 October (S/23197) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, and annex.

Letter dated 1 November (S/23194) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 1 November (S/23195 and Corr.1) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 4 November (S/23198) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 4 November (S/23199) from the representative of Senegal addressed to the Secretary-General. 2/

Letter dated 11 November (S/23209) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 11 November (S/23210) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 November (S/23212) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General, and annex.

Letter dated 14 November (S/23220) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 November (S/23228) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 20 November (S/23229) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 21 November (S/23237) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 November (S/23252) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 November (S/23257) from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General, and annex.

Letter dated 29 November (S/23259) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 2 December (S/23260) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 2 December (S/23261) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 2 December (S/23266) from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the President of the Security Council, and annex.

Letter dated 3 December (S/23264) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 3 December (S/23292) from the President of the Governing Council of the United Nations Compensation Commission addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting information concerning its third session, held at Geneva from 25 to 29 November 1991.

Letter dated 4 December (S/23268) from the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the second report of the Executive Chairman.

Letter dated 4 December (S/23269) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 December (S/23275) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 10 December (S/23279) from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the report of the Committee pursuant to paragraph 6 (f) of the guidelines to facilitate full international implementation of paragraphs 24, 25 and 27 of Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Note by the Secretary-General dated 12 December (S/23283), transmitting the text of a letter dated 11 December 1991 from the Director General of IAEA addressed to the Secretary-General and the enclosed report on the eighth IAEA on-site inspection in Iraq under Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Letter dated 13 December (S/23286) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 16 December (S/23290) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 17 December (S/23295), transmitting the text of a letter dated 5 December 1991 from the Director General of IAEA addressed to the Secretary-General, and the enclosed first semi-annual report (covering the period 17 June-17 December 1991) on the implementation by IAEA of the plan for the destruction, removal or rendering harmless of items listed in paragraph 12 of Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Letter dated 19 December (S/23297) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 December (S/23298) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 20 December (S/23303 and Corr.1) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 20 December (S/23304) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Q. Statement by the President of the Security Council (20 December 1991)

Following consultations of the Council, the President issued the following statement (S/23305) on behalf of the members of the Council on 20 December 1991:

"The members of the Security Council held informal consultations on 6 December 1991 pursuant to paragraph 28 of resolution 687 (1991), paragraph 6 of resolution 700 (1991) and paragraph 21 of resolution 687 (1991). After hearing all the opinions expressed in the course of the consultations, the President of the Council concluded that there was no agreement that the necessary conditions existed for a modification of the regimes established in paragraphs 22 to 25, as referred to in paragraph 28 of resolution 687 (1991), in paragraph 6 of resolution 700 (1991), and in paragraph 20, as referred to in paragraph 21 of resolution 687 (1991).

"However, with a view to alleviating the humanitarian conditions for the civilian population in Iraq and in order to facilitate the utilization of paragraph 20 of resolution 687 (1991), the Committee established under resolution 661 (1990) is requested to study immediately those materials and supplies for essential civilian and humanitarian needs as identified in the Ahtisaari report (S/22366) with the purpose of drawing up a list of items which may, with the approval of the Security Council, be transferred from the 'no objection' procedure to a simple notification procedure. Members of the Council may submit proposals of items for this purpose.

"With regard to imports of items subject to prior approval under the 'no objection' procedure by the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) (i.e. items other than food and medicine), any member of the Committee putting forward an objection to such an import will offer a specific explanation at a meeting of the Committee.

"The members of the Council are aware of reports received concerning the approximately 2,000 Kuwaitis believed to be still detained in Iraq, access by the International Committee of the Red Cross to all detainees and places of detention, the return of Kuwaiti property, and particularly the return of Kuwaiti military equipment and their bearing upon the present state of Iraqi compliance with resolution 687 (1991).

"In light of the above, the Security Council will request the Secretary-General to prepare a factual report on Iraq's compliance with all the obligations placed upon it by resolution 687 (1991) and subsequent relevant resolutions. This report will be made available to the Security Council in good time before the Council undertakes its next review under paragraph 21 of resolution 687 (1991).

"In the course of consultations it was noted that resolutions 706 (1991) and 712 (1991) gave to Iraq the possibility for oil sales to finance the purchase of foodstuffs, medicines and materials and supplies

for essential civilian needs for the purpose of providing humanitarian relief. However, this possibility has not yet been used."

R. Communications received between 24 December 1991 and 30 January 1992 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 24 December 1991 (S/23320) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 December (S/23332) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 30 December (S/23336) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 December (S/23337) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 31 December (S/23340) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 31 December (S/23342) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 8 January 1992 (S/23394) from the representative of Saudi Arabia addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 January (S/23399 and Corr.1) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 10 January (S/23406) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 20 January (S/23446) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 21 January (S/23449) from the representative of Germany addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 January (S/23472) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the President of the Security Council, and the enclosed review of the measures implemented by Iraq pursuant to Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Letter dated 23 January (S/23473) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, and annexes.

Letter dated 25 January (S/23352 and Corr.1) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 25 January (S/23514) on the status of compliance by Iraq with the obligations placed upon it under certain of the Security Council resolutions relating to the situation between Iraq and Kuwait.

Letter dated 27 January (S/23482) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 30 January (S/23505), transmitting the text of a letter dated 28 January 1992 from the Director General of IAEA addressed to the Secretary-General, and the enclosed report on the ninth IAEA on-site inspection in Iraq under Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

S. Statement by the President of the Security Council (5 February 1992)

Following consultations of the Council, the President issued the following statement (S/23517) on behalf of the members of the Council on 5 February 1992:

"The members of the Security Council held informal consultations on 28 January and 5 February 1992 pursuant to paragraph 21 of resolution 687 (1991). The members of the Council express their thanks to the Secretary-General for his factual report on Iraq's compliance with all the obligations placed upon it by resolution 687 (1991) and subsequent relevant resolutions (S/23514).

"After taking note of the Secretary-General's report and hearing all the opinions expressed in the course of the consultations, the President of the Council concluded that there was no agreement that the necessary conditions existed for a modification of the regime established in paragraph 20 of resolution 687 (1991), as referred to in paragraph 21 of that resolution.

"In the context of compliance, the Council members note with concern the recent incident at Baghdad, which demonstrates a lack of Iraqi cooperation in complying with the resolutions of the Council.

"In connection with the Secretary-General's factual report on Iraq's compliance with all the obligations placed upon it by resolution 687 (1991) and subsequent relevant resolutions, the members of the Security Council note that while much progress has been made, much remains to be done. There is serious evidence of Iraqi non-compliance over its programmes for weapons of mass destruction and the repatriation of Kuwaitis and other third-country nationals detained in Iraq. There is still much Kuwaiti property to be returned. The members of the Council are disturbed by the lack of Iraqi cooperation. Iraq must implement fully resolution 687 (1991) and subsequent relevant resolutions as was stated in the statement read out by the President of the Council on behalf of its members at the meeting held on 31 January 1992 with the participation of the heads of State and Government (S/23500).

"The members of the Security Council note that with a view to alleviating the humanitarian conditions of the civilian population of Iraq and facilitating the utilization of paragraph 20 of resolution 687 (1991), the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) has been requested to prepare a study of those materials and supplies for essential civilian and humanitarian needs, other than medicines which have not been subject to sanctions and food shipments which have been permitted to move freely, that might be transferred from the 'no objection' procedure to a simple notification procedure. The members of the Council also note the report of the Chairman of the Committee in this regard. They express their appreciation for the efforts the Chairman has made to reach a conclusion and encourage him to continue his consultations with the members of the Committee on the study and to report to the Council at an early date.

"The members of the Council strongly deplore that the Iraqi authorities have decided and communicated that decision to the Secretariat to discontinue contacts with the Secretariat regarding implementation of resolutions 706 (1991) and 712 (1991), which give to Iraq the possibility for oil sales to finance the purchase of foodstuffs, medicines and materials and supplies for essential civilian needs for the purpose of providing humanitarian relief. They underscore that the Government of Iraq, by acting in this way, is forgoing the possibility of meeting the essential needs of its civilian population and therefore bears the full responsibility for their humanitarian problems. They hope that a resumption of these contacts may lead to the early implementation of the scheme set out in those resolutions to enable humanitarian supplies to reach the Iraqi people."

T. Communications received between 6 and 18 February 1992

Letter dated 6 February 1992 (S/23552) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 7 February (S/23608) from the President of the Governing Council of the United Nations Compensation Commission addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting information concerning its fourth session, held at Geneva from 20 to 24 January 1992.

Letter dated 12 February (S/23596) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 18 February (S/23606), transmitting a special report of the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission.

U. Statement by the President of the Security Council (19 February 1992)

Following consultations of the Council, the President issued the following statement (S/23609) on behalf of the members of the Council on 19 February 1992:

"The members of the Security Council express their gratitude to the Secretary-General for the report submitted to the Security Council on 18 February 1992 (S/23606, annex).

"The members of the Security Council note that while progress has been made, much still remains to be done to implement the relevant resolutions of the Council. The members of the Council are gravely concerned by Iraq's continued failure to acknowledge all its obligations under Council resolutions 707 (1991) and 715 (1991), and its continued rejection of the plans of the Secretary-General and of the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency (S/22871/Rev.1 and S/22872/Rev.1 and Corr.1) as approved by resolution 715 (1991) for ongoing monitoring and verification of Iraq's compliance with its obligations under paragraphs 10, 12 and 13 of resolution 687 (1991).

"Ongoing monitoring and verification of Iraq's obligations is an integral part of Security Council resolution 687 (1991), which established a cease-fire and provided the conditions essential to the restoration of peace and security in the region. Such ongoing monitoring and verification is a step of the utmost importance towards the goal set out in paragraph 14 of that resolution.

"Iraq's failure to acknowledge its obligations under resolutions 707 (1991) and 715 (1991), its rejection up until now of the two plans for ongoing monitoring and verification and its failure to provide the full, final and complete disclosure of its weapons capabilities constitute a continuing material breach of the relevant provisions of resolution 687 (1991). Unconditional agreement by Iraq to implement these obligations is one of the essential preconditions to any reconsideration by the Council under paragraphs 21 and 22 of resolution 687 (1991) of the prohibitions referred to in those paragraphs.

"The members of the Council support the decision of the Secretary-General to dispatch a special mission headed by the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission to visit Iraq immediately to meet and discuss with the highest levels of the Iraqi Government for the purpose of securing the unconditional agreement by Iraq to implement all its relevant obligations under resolutions 687 (1991), 707 (1991) and 715 (1991). The mission should stress the serious consequences if such agreement to implement is not forthcoming. The Secretary-General is requested to report on the results of the special mission to the Security Council upon its return."

V. Communications received between 20 and 28 February 1992

Letter dated 20 February 1992 (S/23624) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 20 February (S/23626) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 February (S/23636) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 25 February (S/23643), transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission addressed to the Secretary-General, and the enclosed report of the Executive Chairman to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 26 February (S/23644), transmitting the text of a letter dated 25 February from the Director General of IAEA addressed to the Secretary-General, and the enclosed report on the tenth IAEA on-site inspection in Iraq under Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Letter dated 28 February (S/23661) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

W. Consideration at the 3058th meeting (28 February 1992)

At its 3058th meeting, held on 28 February in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation between Iraq and Kuwait:

"Note by the Secretary-General (S/23643)".

The President stated that, following consultations among the members of the Security Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/23663) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council express their gratitude to the Secretary-General for the report submitted to the Council on 25 February 1992 (S/23643, annex, enclosure), transmitting the results of the special mission dispatched to Iraq by the Secretary-General pursuant to the statement of the President of the Council of 19 February 1992 (S/23609). The members of the Council approve in full the conclusions of the special mission as contained in the report and in particular its finding that Iraq is not prepared to give its unconditional agreement to implement all of its obligations under resolutions 687 (1991), 707 (1991) and 715 (1991).

"The members of the Council deplore and condemn the failure of the Government of Iraq to provide the Special Commission with full, final and complete disclosure, as required by resolution 707 (1991), of all aspects of its programmes to develop weapons of mass destruction and ballistic missiles with a range greater than 150 km, including launchers, and of all holdings of such weapons, their components and production facilities and locations, as well as all other nuclear programmes; and the failure of Iraq to comply with the plans for ongoing monitoring and verification (S/22871/Rev.1 and S/22872/Rev.1 and Corr.1) approved by resolution 715 (1991). In the statement made on 19 February 1992 (S/23609) prior to the dispatch of the special mission to Iraq the Council noted that Iraq's behaviour constituted a material breach of resolution 687 (1991). Regrettably this continues to be the case.

"Furthermore, the members of the Council equally deplore and condemn Iraq's failure, within the time prescribed by the Special Commission at the request of Iraq, to commence destruction of ballistic missile-related equipment designated for destruction by the Special Commission. The members of the Council reaffirm that it is for the Special Commission alone to determine which items must be destroyed under paragraph 9 of resolution 687 (1991). Therefore, the Government of Iraq's letter of 28 February 1992 to the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission is unacceptable. Iraq's refusal to implement the determinations of the Special Commission constitutes a further material breach of the relevant provisions of resolution 687 (1991).

"The members of the Council demand that Iraq immediately implement all its obligations under Council resolution 687 (1991) and subsequent resolutions on Iraq. The members of the Council require the Government of Iraq to communicate directly to the Council without further delay an authoritative and unconditional acknowledgement of its agreement to accept and implement the above-noted obligations, including specifically to comply with the determination of the Special Commission requiring the destruction of ballistic missile-related equipment. The members of the Council emphasize that Iraq must be aware of the serious consequences of continued material breaches of resolution 687 (1991).

"The members of the Council note that an Iraqi delegation is prepared to come to New York as soon as it is invited to do so. The members of the Council have asked its President to extend such an invitation to the delegation to come to New York without further delay. The members of the

Council intend in any event to continue their consideration of this question no later than the week beginning 9 March 1992."

X. Communications received between 2 and 11 March 1992 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 2 March 1992 (S/23669) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 4 March (S/23673), transmitting the text of a letter dated 14 February 1992 from the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission addressed to the representative of Iraq (annex I), a statement, also dated 14 February 1992, by the Executive Chairman (annex II) and a letter dated 28 February 1992 from the representative of Iraq to the Executive Chairman (annex III).

Letter dated 4 March (S/23712) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a communiqué issued by the Ministerial Council of the Gulf Cooperation Council at its forty-second session, held at Riyadh on 1 and 2 March 1992.

Letter dated 5 March (S/23685 and Add.1) from the representative of Belgium addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the report on the situation of human rights in Iraq prepared by Mr. Max van der Stoel, Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights, in accordance with Commission resolution 1991/74.

Letter dated 6 March (S/23686) from the representatives of France, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General.

Further report of the Secretary-General dated 7 March (S/23687) on the status of compliance by Iraq with the obligations placed upon it under certain of the Security Council resolutions.

Letter dated 9 March (S/23690) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 11 March (S/23734) from the President of the Governing Council of the United Nations Compensation Commission addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting information on its resumed fourth session, held at Geneva on 6 March 1992.

Y. Consideration at the 3059th meeting (11 and 12 March 1992)

At its 3059th meeting, held on 11 March in accordance with the decision taken at the 3058th meeting, as indicated in the statement by the President of the Council of the same date (S/23663), and as agreed in the Council's prior consultations, the Council included the following composite item in its agenda without objection:

"(a) The situation between Iraq and Kuwait;

"(b) Letter dated 2 April 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/22435);

"Letter dated 4 April 1991 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/22442);

"Letter dated 5 March 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Belgium to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23685)".

[For the proceedings at the 3059th meeting, see chapter 18 of the present report.]

Z. Communications received between 12 and 17 March 1992

Letter dated 12 March 1992 (S/23708) from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the report of the Committee pursuant to paragraph 6 (f) of the guidelines to facilitate full international implementation of paragraphs 24, 25 and 27 of Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Letter dated 17 March (S/23728) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

AA. Consideration at the 3061st meeting (19 March 1992)

At its 3061st meeting, held on 19 March in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation between Iraq and Kuwait".

The President stated that, following consultations among the members of the Security Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/23732) on behalf of the Council:

"The Security Council welcomes the announcement of the Iraqi authorities that they will resume discussions with the United Nations Secretariat concerning implementation of the scheme of sales of Iraqi petroleum and petroleum products, as provided for in Security Council resolutions 706 (1991) and 712 (1991), and for the use of the proceeds of such sales in accordance with the Secretary-General's report of 4 September 1991 (S/23006 and Corr.2) and the above-mentioned resolutions.

"The Council also welcomes the Secretary-General's intention that these discussions be organized without delay.

"The Council is prepared to authorize the regime for the sale of Iraqi petroleum and petroleum products on the above basis for a like period of time as that specified in these resolutions as soon as the Secretary-General indicates that the Iraqi authorities are prepared to proceed on a date certain with the export of petroleum and petroleum products in accordance with the scheme.

"The members of the Council are prepared at an appropriate time to consider possible further extensions of time based upon Iraq's cooperation with the above and the Council's ongoing assessment of the needs and

requirements in accordance with paragraph 1 (d) of Security Council resolution 706 (1991)."

BB. Communications received between 19 and 24 March 1992

Letter dated 19 March 1992 (S/23738) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 March (S/23741 and Corr.1) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 March (S/23765) from the President of the Governing Council of the United Nations Compensation Commission addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting information on its fifth session, held at Geneva on 20 March 1992.

Letter dated 24 March (S/23751) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

CC. Statement by the President of the Security Council (27 March 1992)

Following consultations of the Council, the President issued the following statement (S/23761) on behalf of the members of the Council on 27 March 1992:

> "The members of the Security Council held informal consultations on 27 March 1992 pursuant to paragraphs 21 and 28 of resolution 687 (1991) and paragraph 6 of resolution 700 (1991).
>
> "After hearing all the opinions expressed in the course of the consultations, the President of the Council concluded that there still was no agreement that the necessary conditions existed for a modification of the regimes established in paragraph 20 of resolution 687 (1991), as referred to in paragraph 21 of that resolution; in paragraphs 22 to 25 of resolution 687 (1991), as referred to in paragraph 28 of that resolution; and in paragraph 6 of resolution 700 (1991). The members of the Council expressed the hope that the offers of cooperation recently conveyed by Iraq will be fully matched by actual deeds."

DD. Communications received between 31 March and 10 April 1992 and reports of the Secretary-General

Report of the Secretary-General dated 31 March 1992 (S/23766) on UNIKOM for the period from 3 October 1991 to 31 March 1992.

Letter dated 31 March (S/23769) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 1 April (S/23767) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting a letter dated 31 March 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 2 April (S/23779) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 6 April (S/23787) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 6 April (S/23789) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, informing him of the concurrence of the members of the Council with the recommendation contained in his report (S/23766) to maintain UNIKOM in the area for a further six-month period.

Letter dated 6 April (S/23791) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 4 April 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 6 April (S/23792) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 10 April (S/23801), submitted pursuant to paragraph 8 of Security Council resolution 715 (1991), on the status of the implementation of the plan for the ongoing monitoring and verification of Iraq's compliance with relevant parts of section C of resolution 687 (1991).

EE. Statement by the President of the Security Council (10 April 1992)

Following consultations of the Council, the President issued the following statement (S/23803) on behalf of the members of the Council on 10 April 1992:

> "The members of the Security Council have learned with grave concern from the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission of recent developments which appear to call for a halt in and constitute a threat to the safety and security of the Special Commission's aerial surveillance flights over Iraq. The members of the Council wish to point out that the surveillance flights are carried out under the authority of Security Council resolutions 687 (1991), 707 (1991) and 715 (1991). Reaffirming the right of the Special Commission to conduct such aerial surveillance flights, the members of the Council call upon the Government of Iraq to take all the necessary steps to ensure that the Iraqi military forces will not interfere with or threaten the security of the flights concerned and to comply with its responsibilities to secure the safety of the Special Commission's aircraft and personnel while flying over Iraq. The members of the Council warn the Government of Iraq of the serious consequences which would ensue from any failure to comply with these obligations."

FF. Communications received between 12 April and 26 May 1992

Letter dated 12 April 1992 (S/23806) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 13 April (S/23809) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 12 April 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 13 April (S/23810) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 15 April (S/23813), transmitting a letter dated 11 April 1991 from the Director General of IAEA addressed to the

Secretary-General, and the enclosed report of the Director General of IAEA on the implementation of the Agency's plan for the future ongoing monitoring and verification of Iraq's compliance with paragraph 12 of Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Letter dated 16 April (S/23819) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 16 April (S/23822) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 20 April (S/23825) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 20 April (S/23826) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 April (S/23835) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 April (S/23848) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 28 April (S/23857) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 1 May (S/23866) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 9 April 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 4 May (S/23868) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 May (S/23893) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 May (S/23895) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 11 May (S/23901) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 14 May (S/23937) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of his letter dated 13 May 1992 to the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait, and annex.

Letter dated 15 May (S/23970) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 May (S/23956) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 21 May (S/24044) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 22 May (S/23947), transmitting the text of a letter dated 12 May 1992 from the Acting Director General of IAEA addressed to the Secretary-General, and the enclosed report on the eleventh IAEA on-site inspection in Iraq under Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Note by the Secretary-General dated 22 May (S/23993), transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission to the Secretary-General, and the enclosed report on the status of compliance by Iraq with the obligations placed upon it under section C of Security Council resolution 687 (1991) and resolutions 707 (1991) and 715 (1991).

Letter dated 23 May (S/24005) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 May (S/24002) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Minister of State for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission.

Letter dated 26 May (S/24013) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

GG. Statement by the President of the Security Council (27 May 1992)

Following consultations of the Council, the President issued the following statement (S/24010) on behalf of the members of the Council on 27 May 1992:

> "The members of the Security Council held informal consultations on 27 May 1992 pursuant to paragraph 21 of resolution 687 (1991).
>
> "After hearing all the opinions expressed in the course of the consultations, the President of the Council concluded that there still was no agreement that the necessary conditions existed for a modification of the regime established in paragraph 20 of resolution 687 (1991), as referred to in paragraph 21 of that resolution."

HH. Communications received between 27 May and 15 June 1992

Letter dated 27 May 1992 (S/24022) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 May (S/24023) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 29 May (S/24036), transmitting the text of a letter dated 26 May 1992 from the Director General of IAEA addressed to the Secretary-General, and the enclosed report on the status of compliance by Iraq with the obligations placed upon it under section C of Security Council resolution 687 (1991) and resolutions 707 (1991) and 715 (1991).

Letter dated 1 June (S/24047) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 3 June (S/24056), transmitting the texts of letters dated 1 and 2 April and 21 May 1992 from the Executive Chairman

of the Special Commission to the Vice-Chairman of the Military Industrial Corporation of Iraq and the Minister of State for Foreign Affairs of Iraq.

Letter dated 8 June (S/24079) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 June (S/24080) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 June (S/24060) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Kuwait to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 June (S/24097) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, proposing to appoint Major-General Timothy K. Dibuama of Ghana as Chief Military Observer of UNIKOM with effect from 12 July 1992.

Letter dated 10 June (S/24083) from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the report of the Committee pursuant to paragraph 6 (f) of the guidelines to facilitate full international implementation of paragraphs 24, 25 and 27 of Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

Letter dated 10 June (S/24092) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 15 June (S/24098) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, informing him of the agreement of the members of the Council to the proposal contained in his letter dated 9 June 1992 (S/24097).

Chapter 2

EXCHANGE OF COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN THE SECRETARY-GENERAL AND THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL CONCERNING THE UNITED NATIONS ANGOLA VERIFICATION MISSION (UNAVEM II) AND FURTHER REPORT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON THE UNITED NATIONS ANGOLA VERIFICATION MISSION

A. Communications received between 18 June 1991 and 20 March 1992 and reports of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 18 June 1991 (S/22717) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, informing him of the agreement of the members of the Council to the proposal contained in his letter dated 13 June 1991 (S/22716) concerning the composition of the military observer element of the United Nations Angola Verification Mission (UNAVEM II).

Letter dated 11 July (S/22797) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, informing the members of the Council of his intention, with the consent of the Council, to appoint Major-General Lawrence Uwumarogie (Nigeria) as the Chief Military Observer of UNAVEM II.

Letter dated 16 July (S/22798) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, informing him of the agreement of the members of the Council to his proposal concerning the appointment of the Chief Military Observer of UNAVEM II.

Letter dated 14 August (S/22954) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, referring to his earlier exchange of communications with the President of the Council (S/22797 and S/22798) and seeking the Council's consent to appoint a new Chief Military Observer of UNAVEM II, Major-General Edward Ushie Unimna (Nigeria), since the Secretary-General had been informed by the Nigerian authorities on 25 July 1991 that they were no longer able to make Major-General Lawrence Uwumarogie available to command UNAVEM II owing to exigencies of service.

Letter dated 16 August (S/22955) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, informing him of the agreement of the members of the Council to his proposal concerning the appointment of a new Chief Military Observer of UNAVEM II.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 31 October (S/23191) on the activities of UNAVEM II for the period from 31 May to 25 October 1991, submitted pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 696 (1991).

Letter dated 3 December (S/23271) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, informing the members of the Council of his intention temporarily to deploy for a period of six to eight weeks approximately 25 Finnish military personnel, with the consent of the Government of Finland, to UNAVEM II from existing peace-keeping operations in the Middle East to perform certain construction tasks.

Letter dated 9 December (S/23272) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, informing him of the agreement of the members of the Council to the proposal contained in his letter dated 3 December 1991 (S/23271).

Letter dated 6 February 1992 (S/23556) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, informing the members of the Council of his intention to appoint Ms. Margaret Joan Anstee, Director-General of the United Nations Office at Vienna, as his Special Representative for Angola and Chief of UNAVEM II.

Letter dated 7 February (S/23557) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, informing him that the members of the Council welcomed his decision to appoint Ms. Margaret Joan Anstee as his Special Representative for Angola and Chief of UNAVEM II.

Further report of the Secretary-General dated 3 and 20 March (S/23671 and Add.1) on UNAVEM II, containing recommendations for an operational plan for the observation of the elections in Angola and the enlargement of UNAVEM II.

B. Consideration at the 3062nd meeting (24 March 1992)

At its 3062nd meeting, held on 24 March in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Further report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Angola Verification Mission (S/23671 and Add.1)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Angola and Portugal, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the provisional text of a draft resolution (S/23743), that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, and to a minor revision to operative paragraph 8 of the draft resolution in its provisional form.

The Council heard statements by the representatives of Angola, Cape Verde and Portugal.

The Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/23743, as orally revised in its provisional form.

Decision: At the 3062nd meeting, on 24 March 1992, the draft resolution (S/23743), as orally revised in its provisional form, was adopted unanimously as resolution 747 (1992).

Resolution 747 (1992) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolution 696 (1991) of 30 May 1991 by which it decided to entrust a new mandate to the United Nations Angola Verification Mission (UNAVEM II) as proposed by the Secretary-General in line with the Peace Accords for Angola,

"Welcoming the continuing efforts of the Secretary-General to implement fully the mandate entrusted to UNAVEM II,

"Noting with satisfaction the efforts made so far by the Government of the People's Republic of Angola and the National Union for the Total

Independence of Angola to maintain the cease-fire and expressing concern over the delays and gaps in the completion of some major tasks arising from the Accords,

"Stressing again the importance it attaches to the fulfilment by the parties in good faith of all obligations contained in the Accords,

"Welcoming the appointment by the Secretary-General of a Special Representative for Angola who will be in charge of all current and projected activities of the United Nations in connection with the Accords and will also be the Chief of UNAVEM II,

"Taking into account the report of the Secretary-General dated 31 October 1991 (S/23191),

"Having considered the further report of the Secretary-General dated 3 March 1992 (S/23671) and the addendum dated 20 March 1992 (S/23671/Add.1),

"1. Approves the further report of the Secretary-General dated 3 March 1992 (S/23671) and the recommendations contained therein concerning the operational plan for United Nations observation of the elections and the enlargement of UNAVEM II;

"2. Calls upon the Angolan parties to cooperate fully with the Special Representative of the Secretary-General and with UNAVEM II, including in the discharge of its expanded mandate;

"3. Underlines the necessity recalled in paragraph 18 of the report of the Secretary-General for the United Nations electoral mission to have the explicit agreement of the two parties to the Peace Accords for Angola;

"4. Decides to enlarge the mandate of UNAVEM II to include the mission provided for in paragraph 22 of the report of the Secretary-General for the remainder of its existing mandate period;

"5. Urges the Angolan parties to comply scrupulously with the provisions of the Accords and with the agreed deadlines; and, to this end, to proceed without delay with the demobilization of their troops, formation of a unified national armed force, effective operation of joint police monitoring units, extension of the central administration and other major tasks;

"6. Calls upon the Angolan authorities and parties to finalize political, legal, organizational and budgetary preparations for free and fair multi-party elections to be held in September 1992 and to make available as soon as possible all available resources for the electoral process;

"7. Encourages all States to contribute voluntarily and requests the United Nations programmes and specialized agencies to provide the assistance and support necessary to prepare for free and fair multi-party elections in Angola;

"8. Urges the parties to establish as soon as possible a precise timetable for the electoral process in Angola so that elections can take

place at the date fixed and requests the Secretary-General to extend his cooperation to this end;

"9. Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Security Council informed of developments and to submit a further report to the Council within three months of the adoption of this resolution."

C. Communications received between 9 April and 20 May 1992

Letter dated 9 April 1992 (S/23799) from the representatives of Portugal, the Russian Federation and the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a joint statement issued by Portugal, the Russian Federation and the United States on 9 April 1992.

Letter dated 14 May (S/23985) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, recommending, on the basis of the conclusion reached by his Special Representative, who believed it important to expand tasks currently assigned to the UNAVEM II police contingent to include a role in the Mission's electoral tasks, that the police strength of UNAVEM II should be increased from 90 to 126 officers, and indicating that the additional funds required for the extra personnel would be included in the budget for UNAVEM II to be submitted to the General Assembly.

Letter dated 20 May (S/23986) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, informing him of the concurrence of the members of the Council with the recommendation contained in his letter dated 14 May 1992 (S/23985).

Chapter 3

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

A. United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon and developments in the Israel-Lebanon sector

1. Communication received on 15 July 1991 and report of the Secretary-General dated 21 July 1991

Letter dated 15 July 1991 (S/22791) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 21 July (S/22829) containing an account of developments relating to the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) for the period from 23 January to 20 July 1991, submitted prior to the expiration of the mandate of the Force on 31 July 1991.

2. Consideration at the 2997th meeting (31 July 1991)

At its 2997th meeting, on 31 July, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the Middle East:

"Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (S/22829)".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/22857) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 2997th meeting, on 31 July 1991, the draft resolution (S/22857) was adopted unanimously as resolution 701 (1991).

Resolution 701 (1991) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolutions 425 (1978) and 426 (1978) of 19 March 1978, 501 (1982) of 25 February 1982, 508 (1982) of 5 June 1982, 509 (1982) of 6 June 1982 and 520 (1982) of 17 September 1982, as well as all its resolutions on the situation in Lebanon,

"Having studied the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon of 21 July 1991 (S/22829), and taking note of the observations expressed therein,

"Recalling the report of the Secretariat team (S/22129/Add.1) and without prejudice to the views of Member States thereon,

"Taking note of the letter dated 15 July 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/22791),

"Responding to the request of the Government of Lebanon,

"1. Decides to extend the present mandate of the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon for a further interim period of six months, that is, until 31 January 1992;

"2. Reiterates its strong support for the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Lebanon within its internationally recognized boundaries;

"3. Re-emphasizes the terms of reference and general guidelines of the Force as stated in the report of the Secretary-General of 19 March 1978 (S/12611), approved by resolution 426 (1978), and calls upon all parties concerned to cooperate fully with the Force for the full implementation of its mandate;

"4. Reiterates that the Force should fully implement its mandate as defined in resolutions 425.(1978), 426 (1978) and all other relevant resolutions;

"5. Requests the Secretary-General to continue consultations with the Government of Lebanon and other parties directly concerned with the implementation of the present resolution and to report to the Security Council thereon."

The President then stated that, as a result of consultations held among the members of the Security Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/22862) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council have noted with appreciation the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (S/22829) submitted in conformity with resolution 684 (1991).

"They reaffirm their commitment to the full sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and national unity of Lebanon within its internationally recognized boundaries. In this context, they assert that any State shall refrain from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations.

"As the Security Council extends the mandate of UNIFIL for a further interim period on the basis of resolution 425 (1978), the members of the Council again stress the need for the implementation of that resolution in all its aspects. They express their appreciation for the continuing efforts of the Secretary-General and his staff in this regard. They reiterate their full support for the Taif Agreement and commend the Lebanese Government for the recent successful deployment of its army in the Sidon and Tyre regions in the process of extending its authority over all Lebanese territory.

"The members of the Security Council take this opportunity to commend UNIFIL's troops and troop-contributing countries for their sacrifices and commitment to the cause of international peace and security under difficult circumstances."

3. Communications received between 1 November 1991 and 28 January 1992 and reports of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 1 November 1991 (S/23192) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 15 November (S/23225) on the situation in the Middle East, containing, inter alia, an account of developments relating to UNIFIL for the period from 20 November 1990 to 15 November 1991.

Letter dated 22 November (S/23241) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Special report of the Secretary-General dated 29 November (S/23255) on UNIFIL.

Letter dated 14 January 1992 (S/23439) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, informing the members of the Council of his intention to accept the offer of the Government of Poland to provide the medical unit for UNIFIL.

Letter dated 17 January (S/23435) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 17 January (S/23440) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, informing him of the agreement of the members of the Council to the proposal contained in his letter dated 14 January 1992 (S/23439).

Report of the Secretary-General dated 21 January (S/23452), containing an account of developments relating to UNIFIL for the period from 21 July 1991 to 21 January 1992, submitted prior to the expiration of the mandate of the Force on 31 January 1992.

Letter dated 21 January (S/23453) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 January (S/23479) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 28 January (S/23484) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, conveying information concerning the plan for UNIFIL to hand over to the Lebanese army the western part of the Ghanaian battalion sector, west of Marakah, enabling UNIFIL to strengthen its deployment elsewhere in its area of operation.

Letter dated 28 January (S/23485) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, informing him that the members of the Council had noted the contents of his letter dated 20 January 1992 (S/23484) and welcomed the developments.

4. Consideration at the 3040th meeting (29 January 1992)

At its 3040th meeting, on 29 January, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the Middle East:

- "Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (S/23452)".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/23483) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 3040th meeting, on 29 January 1992, the draft resolution (S/23483) was adopted unanimously as resolution 734 (1992).

Resolution 734 (1992) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolutions 425 (1978) and 426 (1978) of 19 March 1978, 501 (1982) of 25 February 1982, 508 (1982) of 5 June 1982, 509 (1982) of 6 June 1982 and 520 (1982) of 17 September 1982, as well as all its resolutions on the situation in Lebanon,

"Having studied the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon of 21 January 1992 (S/23452) and taking note of the observations expressed therein,

"Recalling the addendum to the Secretary-General's report of 22 January 1991 (S/22129/Add.1, dated 28 January 1991),

"Taking note of the letter dated 17 January 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23435),

"Responding to the request of the Government of Lebanon,

"1. Decides to extend the present mandate of UNIFIL for a further interim period of six months, that is, until 31 July 1992;

"2. Approves the overall objective of the Secretary-General, as set out in paragraph 33 of his report (S/23452), aimed at promoting the greater effectiveness of UNIFIL;

"3. Approves in particular the recommendations summarized in paragraphs 59 (c) (i) and (ii) of the addendum to the Secretary-General's report of 22 January 1991 (S/22129/Add.1);

"4. Invites the Secretary-General to consider further, in consultation with the troop-contributing countries, how to achieve the overall objective referred to in paragraph 2 above, and to take action on the objectives in paragraphs 2 and 3 above;

"5. Reiterates its strong support for the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Lebanon within its internationally recognized boundaries;

"6. Re-emphasizes the terms of reference and general guidelines of the Force as stated in the report of the Secretary-General of 19 March 1978, approved by resolution 426 (1978), and calls upon all

parties concerned to cooperate fully with the Force for the full implementation of its mandate;

"7. Reiterates that the Force should fully implement its mandate as defined in resolutions 425 (1978), 426 (1978) and all other relevant resolutions;

"8. Requests the Secretary-General to continue consultations with the Government of Lebanon and other parties directly concerned with the implementation of the present resolution and to report to the Security Council thereon."

The President then stated that, as a result of consultations held among the members of the Security Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/23495) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council have noted with appreciation the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (S/23452) submitted in conformity with resolution 701 (1991).

"They reaffirm their commitment to the full sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and national unity of Lebanon within its internationally recognized boundaries. In this context, they assert that any State shall refrain from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations.

"As the Security Council extends the mandate of UNIFIL for a further interim period on the basis of resolution 425 (1978), the members of the Council again stress the need for the implementation of that resolution in all its aspects. They reiterate their full support for the Taif Agreement and commend the Lebanese Government for its continuous successful efforts to deploy units of its army in the south of the country in full coordination with UNIFIL. The members of the Council urge all the parties concerned fully to support UNIFIL.

"The members of the Security Council express their concern over the continuing violence in southern Lebanon and urge all parties to exercise restraint.

"The members of the Security Council take this opportunity to express their appreciation for the continuing efforts of the Secretary-General and his staff in this regard and commend UNIFIL's troops and troop-contributing countries for their sacrifices and commitment to the cause of international peace and security under difficult circumstances."

5. Communications received between 4 and 17 February 1992 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 4 February 1992 (S/23515) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 17 February (S/23604) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the President of the Security Council, requesting the convening of an urgent meeting of the Council.

Letter dated 17 February (S/23618) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

6. Consideration at the 3053rd meeting (19 February 1992)

At its 3053rd meeting, on 19 February, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the Middle East:

"Letter dated 17 February 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23604)".

The President stated that, following consultations among the members of the Security Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/23610) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council are deeply concerned about the renewed and rising cycle of violence in southern Lebanon and elsewhere in the region. The Council deplores in particular the recent killings and the continued violence, which threatens to claim additional lives and to destabilize the region further.

"The members of the Council call upon all those involved to exercise maximum restraint in order to bring such violence to an end.

"They reaffirm their commitment to the full sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and national unity of Lebanon within its internationally recognized boundaries, as set out in resolution 425 (1978). In this context, they assert that any State shall refrain from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations.

"The members of the Council express their continued support for all efforts to bring peace to the region on the basis of resolutions 242 (1967) and 338 (1973). The members of the Council urge all the parties concerned to work vigorously to enhance the ongoing peace process."

7. Communications received between 21 May and 3 June 1992

Letter dated 21 May 1992 (S/23991) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 May (S/24008) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 May (S/24021) from the representative of Egypt addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on 26 May 1992 by the official spokesman of the Egyptian Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Letter dated 29 May (S/24032) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 1 June (S/24052) from the representative of Bahrain addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on 24 May 1992 by the General Secretariat of the League of Arab States,

Letter dated 3 June (S/24057) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

B. United Nations Disengagement Observer Force

1. Reports of the Secretary-General dated 15 and 22 November 1991

Report of the Secretary-General dated 15 November 1991 (S/23225) on the situation in the Middle East, containing, inter alia, an account of developments relating to the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (UNDOF).

Report of the Secretary-General dated 22 November (S/23233 and Corr.1) containing an account of the activities of UNDOF for the period from 21 May to 20 November 1991, submitted prior to the expiration of the mandate of the Force on 30 November 1991.

2. Consideration at the 3019th meeting (29 November 1991)

At its 3019th meeting, on 29 November, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the Middle East:

"Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/23233 and Corr.1)".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/23250) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 3019th meeting, on 29 November 1991, the draft resolution (S/23250) was adopted unanimously as resolution 722 (1991).

Resolution 722 (1991) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/23233 and Corr.1),

"Decides:

"(a) To call upon the parties concerned to implement immediately its resolution 338 (1973) of 22 October 1973;

"(b) To renew the mandate of the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force for another period of six months, that is, until 31 May 1992;

"(c) To request the Secretary-General to submit, at the end of this period, a report on the developments in the situation and the measures taken to implement Security Council resolution 338 (1973)."

On behalf of the Security Council, the President made the following statement (S/23253) regarding resolution 722 (1991):

"In connection with the resolution just adopted on the renewal of the mandate of the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force, I have been authorized to make the following complementary statement on behalf of the Security Council:

'As is known, the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/23233 and Corr.1) states, in paragraph 24: "Despite the present quiet in the Israel-Syria sector, the situation in the Middle East as a whole continues to be potentially dangerous and is likely to remain so, unless and until a comprehensive settlement covering all aspects of the Middle East problem can be reached." That statement of the Secretary-General reflects the view of the Security Council.'"

3. Report of the Secretary-General dated 19 May 1992

Report of the Secretary-General dated 19 May 1992 (S/23955) containing an account of the activities of UNDOF for the period from 21 November 1991 to 19 May 1992, submitted prior to the expiration of the mandate of the Force on 31 May 1992.

4. Consideration at the 3081st meeting (29 May 1992)

At its 3081st meeting, on 29 May, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the Middle East:

"Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/23955)".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/24026) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 3081st meeting, on 29 May 1992, the draft resolution (S/24026) was adopted unanimously as resolution 756 (1992).

Resolution 756 (1992) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/23955),

"Decides:

"(a) To call upon the parties concerned to implement immediately its resolution 338 (1973) of 22 October 1973;

"(b) To renew the mandate of the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force for another period of six months, that is, until 30 November 1992;

"(c) To request the Secretary-General to submit, at the end of this period, a report on the developments in the situation and the measures taken to implement Security Council resolution 338 (1973)."

On behalf of the Security Council, the President made the following statement (S/24030) regarding resolution 756 (1992):

"In connection with the resolution just adopted on the renewal of the mandate of the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force, I have been authorized to make the following complementary statement on behalf of the Security Council:

'As is known, the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/23955) states, in paragraph 20: "Despite the present quiet in the Israel-Syria sector, the situation in the Middle East as a whole continues to be potentially dangerous and is likely to remain so, unless and until a comprehensive settlement covering all aspects of the Middle East problem can be reached." That statement of the Secretary-General reflects the view of the Security Council.'"

C. Other aspects of the situation in the Middle East

Communications received between 18 June 1991 and 4 March 1992 and reports of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 18 June 1991 (S/22718) from the representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a letter (undated) from the Secretary of the People's Committee of the People's Bureau for Foreign Liaison and International Cooperation to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 1 July (S/22766) from the representative of the Netherlands addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the declaration on the peace process in the Middle East issued on 29 June 1991 by the European Council.

Letter dated 29 July (S/22855) from the representative of Egypt addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a letter dated 21 July 1991 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Egypt to the Secretary-General, concerning initiatives of arms limitation and disarmament in the Middle East.

Letter dated 30 July (S/22906) from the representative of the Netherlands addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the declaration on the Middle East issued on 29 July 1991 by the European Community and its member States.

Letter dated 30 September (S/23104) from the representatives of China, France, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General, enclosing the text of the statement issued on 27 September 1991 by the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the five permanent members of the Security Council following a meeting with the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 October (S/23176) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 8 November (S/23204 and Corr.1), submitted pursuant to General Assembly resolution 45/68 of 6 December 1990 on the question of convening the International Peace Conference on the Middle East.

Letter dated 11 November (S/23211) from the representative of the Syrian Arab Republic addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 15 November (S/23225) submitted pursuant to General Assembly resolution 45/83 A of 13 December 1990 and covering developments in the Middle East in all their aspects for the period from 20 November 1990 to 15 November 1991.

Letter dated 6 January 1992 (S/23381) from the representative of Portugal addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 4 January by the European Community and its member States.

Letter dated 4 March (S/23680) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a document presented on 3 March 1992 by the Palestinian delegation (Palestinian side of the joint Palestinian-Jordanian delegation) to the Israeli delegation, during the round of negotiations in Washington, D.C.

Letter dated 4 March (S/23712) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a communiqué issued by the Ministerial Council of the Gulf Cooperation Council at its forty-second session, held at Riyadh on 1 and 2 March 1992.

Chapter 4*

LETTER DATED 19 SEPTEMBER 1991 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF AUSTRIA TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

LETTER DATED 19 SEPTEMBER 1991 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF CANADA TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

LETTER DATED 20 SEPTEMBER 1991 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF HUNGARY TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

LETTER DATED 24 SEPTEMBER 1991 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF YUGOSLAVIA TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

A. Communications received between 5 July and 25 September 1991 and requests for a meeting

Letter dated 5 July 1991 (S/22775) from the representative of the Netherlands addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 2 July 1991 by the European Community and its member States and the text of a declaration issued on 5 July 1991 by the special ministerial meeting on European political cooperation.

Letter dated 12 July (S/22785) from the representative of Czechoslovakia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the texts of documents adopted by the Committee of Senior Officials of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE) during its emergency session held at Prague on 3 and 4 July 1991.

Letter dated 22 July (S/22834) from the representative of the Netherlands addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued at The Hague and Brussels on 19 July 1991 by the European Community and its member States.

Letter dated 6 August (S/22898) from the representative of the Netherlands addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a declaration issued on the same date by the European Community and its member States.

Letter dated 7 August (S/22902) from the representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a letter of the same date to the President of the Security Council and the enclosed text of a declaration adopted on 6 August 1991 by the European Community and its member States at the ministerial meeting held at The Hague.

Letter dated 7 August (S/22903) from the representative of Austria addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 21 August (S/22975) from the representative of the Netherlands addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a declaration

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* See also chaps. 9, 10, 13, 14, 20, 22, 25, 27, 28, 60 and 74 below.

issued at The Hague on 20 August 1991 by the European Community and its member States.

Letter dated 29 August (S/22991) from the representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a declaration adopted on 27 August 1991 by the European Community and its member States at the ministerial meeting held at Brussels.

Letter dated 4 September (S/23010) from the representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a declaration adopted on 3 September 1991 by the European Community and its member States at the extraordinary ministerial meeting held at Brussels.

Letter dated 19 September (S/23047) from the representative of Australia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Prime Minister of Australia to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 September (S/23052) from the representative of Austria addressed to the President of the Security Council, requesting consultations of the Council.

Letter dated 19 September (S/23053) from the representative of Canada addressed to the President of the Security Council, requesting an urgent meeting of the Council.

Letter dated 20 September (S/23057) from the representative of Hungary addressed to the President of the Security Council, requesting an urgent meeting of the Council.

Letter dated 20 September (S/23059) from the representative of the Netherlands addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a declaration issued on 19 September 1991 by the European Community and its member States.

Letter dated 20 September (S/23060) from the representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a declaration adopted on 19 September 1991 by the European Community and its member States at the ministerial meeting held at Brussels.

Letter dated 24 September (S/23069) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 25 September (S/23071) from the representative of Australia addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a statement (undated) by the Minister for Foreign Affairs and Trade of Australia.

Letter dated 25 September (S/23076) from the representative of Canada addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a statement (undated) by the Secretary of State for External Affairs of Canada.

Letter dated 25 September (S/23077) from the representative of Albania addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement (undated) by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Albania.

Letter dated 25 September (S/23085) from the representative of Hungary addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a statement (undated) by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Hungary.

B. Consideration at the 3009th meeting (25 September 1991)

At its 3009th meeting, on 25 September, at which Austria, China, Cuba, Ecuador, France, India, Romania, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United States of America and Zimbabwe were represented by their Ministers for Foreign Affairs, the Council included the following items in its agenda without objection:

"Letter dated 19 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Austria to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23052);

"Letter dated 19 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23053);

"Letter dated 20 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Hungary to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23057);

"Letter dated 24 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Yugoslavia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23069)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Yugoslavia, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/23067) submitted by Austria, Belgium, France, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

The Council began its consideration of the item and heard a statement by the Federal Secretary for Foreign Affairs of Yugoslavia.

The Council then commenced its voting procedure.

Before the vote, statements were made by the representative of Belgium, the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs of Austria, the Minister for External Relations of Ecuador, the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Zimbabwe, the representative of Yemen, the Minister for External Relations of Cuba, the representative of Côte d'Ivoire, the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Romania and the Minister for External Affairs of India.

The Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/23067.

Decision: At the 3009th meeting, on 25 September 1991, the draft resolution (S/23067) was adopted unanimously as resolution 713 (1991).

Resolution 713 (1991) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Conscious of the fact that Yugoslavia has welcomed the convening of a Security Council meeting through a letter conveyed by the Permanent Representative of Yugoslavia to the President of the Security Council (S/23069),

"Having heard the statement by the Foreign Minister of Yugoslavia,

"Deeply concerned by the fighting in Yugoslavia, which is causing a heavy loss of human life and material damage, and by the consequences for the countries of the region, in particular in the border areas of neighbouring countries,

"Concerned that the continuation of this situation constitutes a threat to international peace and security,

"Recalling its primary responsibility under the Charter of the United Nations for the maintenance of international peace and security,

"Recalling also the provisions of Chapter VIII of the Charter of the United Nations,

"Commending the efforts undertaken by the European Community and its member States, with the support of the States participating in the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, to restore peace and dialogue in Yugoslavia, through, inter alia, the implementation of a cease-fire including the sending of observers, the convening of a conference on Yugoslavia, including the mechanisms set forth within it, and the suspension of the delivery of all weapons and military equipment to Yugoslavia,

"Recalling the relevant principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations and, in this context, noting the declaration of 3 September 1991 of the States participating in the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe that no territorial gains or changes within Yugoslavia brought about by violence are acceptable,

"Noting also the agreement for a cease-fire concluded on 17 September 1991 in Igalo, and also that signed on 22 September 1991,

"Alarmed by the violations of the cease-fire and the continuation of the fighting,

"Taking note of the letter dated 19 September 1991 to the President of the Security Council from the Permanent Representative of Austria (S/23052),

"Taking note also of the letters dated 19 September 1991 and 20 September 1991 to the President of the Security Council from respectively the Permanent Representative of Canada (S/23053) and the Permanent Representative of Hungary (S/23057),

"Taking note also of the letters dated 5 July 1991 (S/22775), 12 July 1991 (S/22785), 22 July 1991 (S/22834), 6 August 1991 (S/22898), 7 August 1991 (S/22902), 7 August 1991 (S/22903), 21 August 1991 (S/22975), 29 August 1991 (S/22991), 4 September 1991 (S/23010), 19 September 1991 (S/23047), 20 September 1991 (S/23059) and 20 September 1991 (S/23060), from the Permanent Representative of the Netherlands, the Permanent

Representative of Czechoslovakia, the Permanent Representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of Austria, and the Permanent Representative of Australia,

"1. Expresses its full support for the collective efforts for peace and dialogue in Yugoslavia undertaken under the auspices of the member States of the European Community with the support of the States participating in the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe consistent with the principles of that Conference;

"2. Supports fully all arrangements and measures resulting from such collective efforts as those described above, in particular of assistance and support to the cease-fire observers, to consolidate an effective end to hostilities in Yugoslavia and the smooth functioning of the process instituted within the framework of the Conference on Yugoslavia;

"3. Invites to this end the Secretary-General to offer his assistance without delay, in consultation with the Government of Yugoslavia and all those promoting the efforts referred to above, and to report as soon as possible to the Security Council;

"4. Strongly urges all parties to abide strictly by the cease-fire agreements of 17 September 1991 and 22 September 1991;

"5. Appeals urgently to and encourages all parties to settle their disputes peacefully and through negotiation at the Conference on Yugoslavia, including through the mechanisms set forth within it;

"6. Decides, under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations, that all States shall, for the purposes of establishing peace and stability in Yugoslavia, immediately implement a general and complete embargo on all deliveries of weapons and military equipment to Yugoslavia until the Security Council decides otherwise following consultation between the Secretary-General and the Government of Yugoslavia;

"7. Calls upon all States to refrain from any action which might contribute to increasing tension and to impeding or delaying a peaceful and negotiated outcome to the conflict in Yugoslavia, which would permit all Yugoslavs to decide upon and to construct their future in peace;

"8. Decides to remain seized of the matter until a peaceful solution is achieved."

After the vote, statements were made by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of China, the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Secretary of State of the United States of America and the representative of Zaire, and by the President, in his capacity as the Minister of State and Minister for Foreign Affairs of France.

C. Communications received between 26 September and 4 October 1991

Letter dated 26 September 1991 (S/23083) from the representative of Bulgaria addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the

text of a statement (undated) by the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Bulgaria.

Letter dated 27 September (S/23086) from the representative of Hungary addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 26 September 1991 by the Government of Hungary.

Letter dated 30 September (S/23104) from the representatives of China, France, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 27 September 1991 by their Ministers for Foreign Affairs.

Letter dated 4 October (S/23113) from the representative of Singapore addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 1 October 1991 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Singapore.

Chapter 5

CENTRAL AMERICA: EFFORTS TOWARDS PEACE

A. Communications received between 20 June and 30 September 1991

Letter dated 20 June 1991 (S/22730) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 17 June 1991 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Cuba.

Letter dated 26 June (S/22751) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, proposing the composition of the military component of the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador (ONUSAL).

Letter dated 1 July (S/22752) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, informing him of the agreement of the members of the Council to the proposal contained in his letter dated 26 June 1991 (S/22751).

Letter dated 1 July (S/22754) from the representative of Guatemala addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a press release issued on 26 June 1991 by the Government of the Republic of Guatemala.

Letter dated 18 July (S/22822) from the representative of Honduras addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the draft Treaty on Central American Security submitted by the Government of Honduras in early July to the Governments of the Central American countries.

Letter dated 22 July (S/22828) from the representatives of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua and Panama addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the Declaration of San Salvador, adopted on 17 July 1991 by the Presidents of the six Central American countries at their tenth summit meeting held at San Salvador from 15 to 17 July 1991.

Letter dated 30 July (S/22856) from the representative of Honduras addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a press release issued on 29 July 1991 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Honduras.

Letter dated 6 August (S/22909) from the representative of Honduras addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Honduras to Brigadier-General Victor Suanzes Pardo, Chief Military Observer of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America (ONUCA).

Letter dated 14 August (S/22947) from the representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a joint letter dated 1 August 1991 from the Secretary of State of the United States of America and the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the Secretary-General and the text of a joint statement on USSR-United States cooperation in Central America.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 20 August (S/22963), transmitting the texts of two letters dated 17 August 1991 addressed by him to the Soviet Minister for Foreign Affairs and the United States Secretary of State, respectively.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 16 September (S/23037), transmitting the first report of ONUSAL and the attached first report of the Director of the Human Rights Division of ONUSAL.

Letter dated 26 September (S/23082) from the representative of El Salvador addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the New York Agreement signed at United Nations Headquarters on 25 September 1991.

Letter dated 30 September (S/23101) from the representative of Mexico addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the communiqué issued on the same date by the Presidents of Colombia, Mexico and Venezuela and the Prime Minister of Spain concerning the New York Agreement.

Letter dated 30 September (S/23104) from the representatives of China, France, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General, enclosing the text of the statement issued on 27 September 1991 by the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the five permanent members of the Security Council following a meeting with the Secretary-General.

B. Consideration at the 3010th meeting (30 September 1991)

At its 3010th meeting, on 30 September, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Central America: efforts towards peace".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/23090) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 3010th meeting, on 30 September 1991, the draft resolution (S/23090) was adopted unanimously as resolution 714 (1991).

Resolution 714 (1991) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolution 637 (1989) of 27 July 1989, by which it lent its full support to the Secretary-General for his mission of good offices in Central America,

"Also recalling its resolution 693 (1991) of 20 May 1991, by which it established the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador,

"Welcoming the New York Agreement signed on 25 September 1991 by the Government of El Salvador and the Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional (S/23082, annex), which provides guarantees and conditions on which to reach a peaceful settlement to the armed conflict, including, inter alia, the provisions concerning the National Commission for the Consolidation of Peace, permitting the reintegration of the members of the Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional, within a framework of full legality, into the civil, institutional and political life of the country,

"Welcoming also the oral report of the Secretary-General, made at the consultations held on 30 September 1991,

"1. Commends the parties for the flexibility and seriousness which they demonstrated during the course of the recent talks in New York;

"2. Congratulates the Secretary-General and his Personal Representative for Central America for their skilful and tireless efforts which have been vital to the peace process;

"3. Expresses its appreciation for the contributions of the Governments of the Group of Friends of the Secretary-General - Colombia, Mexico, Spain and Venezuela - which have advanced the peace process in El Salvador;

"4. Urges both parties, at the next negotiating round, which will begin on 12 October 1991, to proceed at an intensive and urgent pace to reach at the earliest possible date a cease-fire and an overall settlement to the armed conflict in accordance with the framework of the New York Agreement;

"5. Reaffirms its strong support for the urgent completion of the peace process in El Salvador, and expresses its readiness to support the implementation of a settlement;

"6. Urges both parties to exercise maximum and continuing restraint, particularly with respect to the civilian population, in order to create the best climate for a successful last stage of the negotiations;

"7. Calls upon both parties to continue to cooperate fully with ONUSAL."

C. Communications received between 4 and 28 October 1991 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 4 October 1991 (S/23082/Add.1) from the representative of El Salvador addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the document entitled "The Compressed Negotiations" signed at United Nations Headquarters on 25 September 1991 by the representatives of the Government of El Salvador and of the Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional (FMLN).

Letter dated 8 October (S/23128) from the representative of El Salvador addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the Geneva Agreement signed at Geneva on 4 April 1990 by the representatives of the Government of El Salvador and of FMLN.

Letter dated 8 October (S/23129) from the representative of El Salvador addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the general agenda and timetable for the comprehensive negotiating process signed at Caracas on 21 May 1990 by the representatives of the Government of El Salvador and of FMLN.

Letter dated 8 October (S/23130) from the representative of El Salvador addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the Mexico Agreement signed at Mexico City on 27 April 1991 by the representatives of the Government of El Salvador and of FMLN.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 28 October (S/23171) on the structure and operations of ONUCA during the period from 30 April to 28 October 1991.

D. Consideration at the 3016th meeting (6 November 1991)

At its 3016th meeting, on 6 November, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Central America: efforts towards peace:

"Report of the Secretary-General (S/23171)".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/23196) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 3016th meeting, on 6 November 1991, the draft resclution (S/23196) was adopted unanimously as resolution 719 (1991).

Resolution 719 (1991) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolutions 637 (1989) of 27 July 1989, 644 (1989) of 7 November 1989, 675 (1990) of 5 November 1990 and 691 (1991) of 6 May 1991, as well as the statement made by the President of the Security Council on its behalf on 7 November 1989,

"1. Approves the report of the Secretary-General of 28 October 1991;

"2. Decides to extend, under its authority, the mandate of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America, as defined in resolution 644 (1989), for a further period of five months and twenty-three days, that is, until 30 April 1992, bearing in mind the report of the Secretary-General and the need to continue to monitor expenditures carefully during this period of increasing demands on peace-keeping resources;

"3. Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Security Council fully informed of further developments and to report on all aspects of the operations of the Observer Group before the expiry of the new mandate period and in particular to report to the Council within three months from the date of adoption of the present resolution, taking account of any developments in the region which indicate that the present size of the Observer Group or its future should be reconsidered."

E. Communications received between 15 November and 19 December 1991 and report of the Secretary-General

Note by the Secretary-General dated 15 November 1991 (S/23222 and Corr.1), transmitting the second report of ONUSAL.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 2 December (S/23256) submitted pursuant to Security Council resolution 637 (1989).

Letter dated 6 December (S/23278) from the representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a joint statement on El Salvador issued on 2 December 1991.

Letter dated 19 December (S/23310) from the representatives of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua and Panama addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the texts of the Tegucigalpa Declaration and the Tegucigalpa Protocol, adopted by the Presidents of the six Central American countries at their eleventh summit meeting, held on 12 and 13 December 1991.

F. Statement by the President of the Security Council (3 January 1992)

Following consultations of the Council, the President issued the following statement (S/23360) on behalf of the members of the Council on 3 January 1992:

> "The members of the Security Council have noted with appreciation the briefing provided by the Secretary-General on the agreement signed late in the night of 31 December by the Government of El Salvador and FMLN which, when implemented, will put a definite end to the Salvadorean armed conflict. The members of the Council warmly welcomed the agreement which is of vital importance for the normalization of the situation in El Salvador and in the region as a whole. They place on record their thanks and appreciation for the enormous contribution of the Secretary-General and his Personal Representative, their collaborators, and all the Governments, especially those of Colombia, Mexico, Spain and Venezuela, that have assisted the Secretary-General in his efforts.
>
> "The members of the Council urge the parties to show maximum flexibility in resolving the pending issues in the negotiations at United Nations Headquarters starting this weekend. They also urge the parties to exercise maximum restraint and to take no action in the coming days which would be contrary to the agreement reached in New York and to the excellent spirit in which these talks took place.
>
> "They welcomed the Secretary-General's intention, stated today, to submit a written report and proposals early next week with a view to Council action both regarding verification of cease-fire arrangements and the monitoring of the maintenance of public order pending the establishment of the new National Civil Police. This will require the approval by the Council of new tasks for ONUSAL. The members of the Council stand ready to deal expeditiously with any recommendations that the Secretary-General may make."

G. Communication received on 6 January 1992 and reports of the Secretary-General dated 10 and 14 January 1992

Letter dated 6 January 1992 (S/23380) from the representative of Mexico to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a press release issued on 31 December 1991 by the Government of Mexico.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 10 January (S/23402) submitted pursuant to Security Council resolution 693 (1991), and addendum dated 13 January 1992 (S/23402/Add.1).

Report of the Secretary-General dated 14 January (S/23421) submitted pursuant to paragraph 3 of Security Council resolution 719 (1991).

H. Consideration at the 3030th meeting (14 January 1992)

At its 3030th meeting, on 14 January, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Central America: efforts towards peace:

"Report of the Secretary-General (S/23402 and Add.1)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of El Salvador, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/23411) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 3030th meeting, on 14 January 1992, the draft resolution (S/23411) was adopted unanimously as resolution 729 (1992).

Resolution 729 (1992) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolution 637 (1989) of 27 July 1989,

"Recalling also its resolution 714 (1991) of 30 September 1991, as well as the statement made by the President of the Council on behalf of the members of the Council on 3 January 1992 (S/23360) following the signature of the Act of New York (S/23402, annex) on 31 December 1991,

"Recalling further its resolution 693 (1991) of 20 May 1991 by which it established the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador,

"Welcoming the conclusion of agreements between the Government of El Salvador and the Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional, which are to be signed in Mexico City on 16 January 1992 and which, when implemented, will put a definitive end to the Salvadorian armed conflict, and will open the way for national reconciliation,

"Calling upon both parties to continue to exercise maximum moderation and restraint and to take no action which would be contrary to or adversely affect the agreements to be signed in Mexico City,

"Expressing its conviction that a peaceful settlement in El Salvador will make a decisive contribution to the Central American peace process,

"Welcoming the intention of the Secretary-General to convey shortly to the Council his recommendation on the termination of the mandate of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America,

"1. Approves the report of the Secretary-General (S/23402 and Add.1);

"2. Decides, on the basis of the Secretary-General's report and in accordance with the provisions of its resolution 693 (1991) of 20 May 1991, to enlarge the mandate of the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador to include the verification and monitoring of the implementation of all the agreements once these are signed in Mexico City between the Government of El Salvador and the Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional, in particular the Agreement on the Cessation of the Armed Conflict and the Agreement on the Establishment of a National Civil Police;

"3. Also decides that the mandate of the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador, enlarged in accordance with this resolution, will be extended to 31 October 1992 and that it will be reviewed at that time on the basis of recommendations to be presented by the Secretary-General;

"4. Requests the Secretary-General to take the necessary measures to increase the strength of the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador as recommended in his report;

"5. Calls upon both parties to respect scrupulously and to implement in good faith the commitments assumed by them under the agreements which are to be signed in Mexico City, and to cooperate fully with the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador in its task of verifying the implementation of these agreements;

"6. Reaffirms its support for the Secretary-General's continuing mission of good offices with regard to the Central American peace process, and in particular for his observations in paragraphs 17 to 19 of the report regarding his intention to continue, as was foreseen in the Geneva Agreement of 4 April 1990 concerning the process which is to end definitively the armed conflict, to rely on the Governments of Colombia, Mexico, Spain and Venezuela, as well as other States and groups of States, to support him in the exercise of his responsibilities;

"7. Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council fully informed of developments relating to the implementation of this resolution and to report on the operations of the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador before the expiry of the new mandate period."

I. Communication received on 16 January 1992

Letter dated 16 January 1992 (S/23433) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, concerning his intention to appoint Brigadier-General Victor Suanzes Pardo (Spain) as Chief Military Observer and Commander of the military division of ONUSAL.

J. Consideration at the 3031st meeting (16 January 1992)

At its 3031st meeting, on 16 January, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Central America: efforts towards peace:

"Report of the Secretary-General (S/23421)".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/23427) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 3031st meeting, on 16 January 1992, the draft resolution (S/23427) was adopted unanimously as resolution 730 (1992).

Resolution 730 (1992) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolution 719 (1991) of 6 November 1991,